UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C.��20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE $^\circ_6$ $^\circ_2$ SECURITIES EXCHANGECT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended Juneï; 1/230, 2019

OR

		OK		
TRANSITION REPORT I	PURSUANT TO SECTION 13	3 OR 15(d) OF THE S	ECURITIES E	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the	e transition period from	�	to	
	Commission file	number: 001-08	8529	
		G MASON, INC. strant as specified in its	s charter)	
	MD	of		52-1200960
(State or other ju	risdiction of incorporation or	organization)	(I.R.S. Em	ployer Identification No.)
	100 International Drive	e Baltimore , MD	21202	
	(Address of principal		Zip Code	_
		(410) 539-0000		
	(Registrant's telepho	ne number, including a	area code)	_
(Form	er name, former address and	former fiscal year, if c	hanged since la	ast report)
Securities registered pursuant to Se		,		······································
Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of	f each exchange	e on which registered
Common stock, \$0.10 par value	LM		New York Sto	ck Exchange
	eceding 12 months (or for suc			by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities was required to file such reports), and (2)
	Yes		No	
	; ¹ /2S(iT ¹ /2232.40 b f this chapter)			ctive Data File required to be submitted for such shorter period that the registrate
	Yes		No	
	growth company. See the de	efinitions of � ter ac		l filer, a non-accelerated filer, a small g½acceleratefüller,g½smallæeportin
Large accelerated filer				accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer				maller reporting company merging growth company
If an emerging growth	company, indicate by check r	nark if the registrant h	nas elected not	to use the extended transition period for

As of August 1, 2019, there were 86,747,537 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Information

LEGG MASON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Ju	ine 30, 2019	Ma	arch 31, 2019
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	643,574	\$	921,071
Cash and cash equivalents of consolidated investment vehicles		4,786		4,219
Restricted cash		22,201		21,213
Receivables:				
Investment advisory and related fees		425,321		425,470
Other		42,103		57,107
Investment securities		385,768		377,129
Investment securities of consolidated investment vehicles		135,973		129,627
Other		84,636		82,131
Other current assets of consolidated investment vehicles		1,502		1,889
Total Current Assets		1,745,864		2,019,856
Fixed assets, net		147,865		149,989
Intangible assets, net		3,383,308		3,386,759
Goodwill		1,896,349		1,883,554
Deferred income taxes		194,814		199,717
Right-of-use assets		324,779		
Other		144,547		145,254
Other assets of consolidated investment vehicles		8,315		8,993
TOTALASSETS	\$	7,845,841	\$	7,794,122
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERSI; EQUITY				
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accrued compensation	\$	270,678	\$	571,301
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		174,025		182,921
Current portion of long-term debt		249,966		250,301
Lease liabilities		77,660		
Other		87,198		99,479
Other current liabilities of consolidated investment vehicles		7,354		5,742
Total Current Liabilities		866,881		1,109,744
Deferred compensation		97,640		85,548
Lease liabilities		315,448		
Deferred income taxes		136,767		123,420
Other (including unfunded pension benefit obligation of \$29,413 and \$33,335, respectively)		61,313		122,044
Long-term debt, net		1,971,772		1,971,451
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,449,821		3,412,207
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 9)		, , ,		, ,
REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS		664,757		692,376
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			1/2	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Common stock, par value \$0.10; authorized 500,000,000 shares; issued 86,656,401 and 85,556,562 shares for June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, respectively		8,666	,, -	8,556
		,		2,039,671
Additional paid-in capital		2,084,666		
Employee stock trust		(20,239)		(21,416
Deferred compensation employee stock trust		20,239		21,416
Retained earnings		1,748,106		1,742,764
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net		(140,655)		(131,236
Total stockholders' equity attributable to Legg Mason, Inc.		3,700,783		3,659,755
Nonredeemable noncontrolling interest	_	30,480		29,784
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		3,731,263	Φ.	3,689,539
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	7,845,841	\$	7,794,122

LEGG MASON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,						
�	2019		2018				
OPERATING REVENUES							
Investment advisory fees:							
Separate accounts	\$ 260,441	\$	259,895				
Funds	366,812		383,564				
Performance fees	6,861		24,036				
Distribution and service fees	69,937		79,190				
Other	1,309		1,220				
Total Operating Revenues	705,360		747,905				
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Compensation and benefits	379,828		361,568				
Distribution and servicing	103,906		116,592				
Communications and technology	55,274		56,740				
Occupancy	25,624		24,904				
Amortization of intangible assets	5,457		6,180				
Contingent consideration fair value adjustments	(1,165)		426				
Other	52,501		55,819				
Total Operating Expenses	621,425		622,229				
OPERATING INCOME	83,935		125,676				
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)							
Interest income	4,005		2,446				
Interest expense	(28,483)		(29,917)				
Other income (expense), net	10,599		7,252				
Non-operating income (expense) of consolidated investment vehicles, net	9,561		3,583				
Total Non-Operating Income (Expense)	(4,318)		(16,636)				
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION	79,617		109,040				
Income tax provision	18,048		30,675				
NET INCOME	61,569		78,365				
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	16,219		12,275				
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO LEGG MASON, INC.	\$ 45,350	\$	66,090				
NET INCOME PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO LEGG MASON, INC. STOCKHOLDERS:							
Basic	\$ 0.51	\$	0.75				
Diluted	0.51		0.75				

LEGG MASON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Th	Three Months Ended June 30,						
�		2019		2018				
NET INCOME	\$	61,569	\$	78,365				
Other comprehensive income (loss):								
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(9,964)		(53,362)				
Changes in defined benefit pension plan		545		882				
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(9,419)		(52,480)				
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		52,150		25,885				
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests		17,057		14,884				
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO LEGG MASON, INC.	\$	35,093	\$	11,001				

${\bf LEGG\ MASON, INC.\ AND\ SUBSIDIARIES} \\ {\bf CONSOLIDATED\ STATEMENTS\ OF\ CHANGES\ IN\ STOCKHOLDERS\"{\it EQUITY}}$

(Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

$i_0^{1/2}$	1	Three Months End	led June 30	June 30,	
$i^{1/2}$		2019	2018		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO LEGG MASON, INC.					
COMMON STOCK	_		_		
Beginning balance	\$		\$	8,461	
Stock options exercised		30		15	
Stock-based compensation		118		107	
Employee tax withholdings by settlement of net share transactions		(38)		(39	
Ending balance		8,666		8,544	
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL					
Beginning balance		2,039,671	1,97	6,364	
Stock options exercised		9,406		4,801	
Deferred compensation employee stock trust		163		136	
Stock-based compensation		21,893	1	8,701	
Employee tax withholdings by settlement of net share transactions		(12,543)	(1:	5,368	
Redeemable noncontrolling interest reclassification for affiliate noncontrolling interest		26,076		ï¿,	
Ending balance		2,084,666	1,98	4,634	
EMPLOYEE STOCK TRUST					
Beginning balance		(21,416)	(2	1,990	
Shares issued to plans		(163)	· ·	(13	
Distributions		1,340		180	
Ending balance		(20,239)	(2	1,952	
DEFERRED COMPENSATION EMPLOYEE STOCK TRUST					
Beginning balance		21,416	2	1,99	
Shares issued to plans		163		130	
Distributions		(1,340)		(180	
Ending balance		20,239	2	1,952	
RETAINED EARNINGS					
Beginning balance		1,742,764	1,89	4,762	
Net income attributable to Legg Mason, Inc.		45,350	6	6,090	
Dividends declared (\$0.40 and \$0.34 per share, respectively)		(37,627)	(2)	9,858	
Reclassification to noncontrolling interest for net increase in estimated redemption value of affiliate					
management equity plan and affiliate noncontrolling interests		(2,381)	(1,269	
Adoption of new revenue recognition guidance		�		2,263	
Ending balance		1,748,106	1,94	1,988	
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS, NET					
Beginning balance		(131,236)	(5:	5,182	
Changes in defined benefit pension plan		545		882	
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(9,964)		3,362	
Ending balance		(140,655)		7,662	
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERST EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO LEGG MASON, INC.		3,700,783	3,82	7,504	
NONREDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTEREST					
Beginning balance		29,784		7,73	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		2,863		2,214	
Distributions		(2,167)		1,733	
Ending balance		30,480		8,212	
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERST #QUITY	\$	3,731,263	3,85	5,710	

LEGG MASON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

$i\dot{c}^{1/2}$	-	June 30,	
$i_{\dot{c}}^{1/2}$	'	2019	2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net Income	\$	61,569 \$	78,365
Adjustments to reconcile Net Income to net cash provided by operations:			
Depreciation and amortization		16,496	17,547
Accretion and amortization of securities discounts and premiums, net		108	561
Stock-based compensation		23,834	19,085
Net unrealized gains on investments		(4,684)	(350)
Net gains and earnings on investments		(6,748)	(6,792)
Net gains of consolidated investment vehicles		(9,561)	(3,583)
Deferred income taxes		22,294	21,796
Contingent consideration fair value adjustments		(1,165)	426
Other		345	371
Decrease (increase) in assets:			
Investment advisory and related fees receivable		235	36,589
Net sales of trading and other investments		(4,817)	(4,385)
Other receivables		10,661	(4,473)
Other assets		(5,294)	(12,562)
Assets of consolidated investment vehicles		11,400	(14,575)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Accrued compensation		(300,250)	(213,181)
Deferred compensation		12,084	8,837
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(10,298)	18,166
Other liabilities		(5,398)	(44,007)
Other liabilities of consolidated investment vehicles		1,612	(5)
CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(187,577) \$	(102,170)

LEGG MASON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

$\ddot{i}_{\dot{c}}^{1}$ /2	Three Months Ended June 30,							
$\ddot{i}_{\dot{c}}^{1}$ /2		2019		2018				
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Business acquisition, net of cash acquired of \$992	\$	(10,247)	\$	�				
Payments for fixed assets		(9,190)		(17,990)				
Returns of capital and proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		488		3,679				
CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(18,949)		(14,311)				
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			�					
Dividends paid		(30,131)		(24,572)				
Distributions to affiliate noncontrolling interests		(16,230)		(13,183)				
Purchase of affiliate noncontrolling interests		(10,548)		�				
Net (redemptions) subscriptions attributable to noncontrolling interests		(8,232)		18,132				
Employee tax withholdings by settlement of net share transactions		(12,581)		(15,407)				
Issuances of common stock for stock-based compensation		9,599		4,952				
CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(68,123)		(30,078)				
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATES		(2,697)		(10,062)				
NET DECREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND RESTRICTED CASH		(277,346)		(156,621)				
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND RESTRICTED CASH:								
BEGINNING OF PERIOD		950,795		773,765				
END OF PERIOD	\$	673,449	\$	617,144				
Supplemental Disclosures								
Cash paid for:								
Income taxes	\$	4,776	\$	13,269				
Interest		11,081		12,135				
Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	643,574	\$	590,530				
Restricted cash:								
Corporate restricted cash		22,201		19,004				
Cash and cash equivalents of consolidated investment vehicles		4,786		3,466				
Affiliate employee benefit trust cash included in Other non-current assets		2,888		4,144				
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash per consolidated statements of cash flows	\$	673,449	\$	617,144				

LEGG MASON, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts in thousands, except per share amounts or unless otherwise noted)

June 30, 2019

(Unaudited)

1. Interim Basis of Reporting

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of Legg Mason, Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively it/Legy asonit/wave been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (it/2GAAP for/interim financial information and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the interim basis of reporting and, as such, reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the periods presented. The preparation of interim consolidated financial statements requires management to make assumptions and estimates that affect the amounts reported in the interim consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates and the differences could have a material impact on the interim consolidated financial statements. Terms such as it is a material impact on the interim consolidated financial statements. Terms such as it is a material impact on the interim consolidated financial statements. Terms such as it is a material impact on the interim consolidated financial statements. Terms such as it is a material impact on the interim consolidated financial statements. Terms such as it is a material impact on the interim consolidated financial statements.

The nature of Legg Mason's business is such that the results of any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of a full year. Certain disclosures included in the Company's annual report are not required to be included on an interim basis in the Company's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. The Company has condensed or omitted these disclosures. Certain amounts in prior period financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

The information contained in the interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements contained within Legg Mason's latest Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Leases

Effective April 1, 2019 Legg Mason adopted updated accounting guidance on leases which requires right-of-use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities to be recorded on the balance sheet for leases. The guidance specifies that at the inception of a contract, an entity must determine whether the contract is or contains a lease. The contract is or contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of the property, plant, or equipment for a designated term in exchange for consideration. Legg Masonïg¹ávaluation of its contracts followed the assessment of whether there was a right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use and the right to direct the use of the identified asset in the contract.

Legg Mason adopted the guidance on a modified retrospective basis as of April 1, 2019, such that related amounts in prior periods have not been restated. Legg Mason has operating leases that primarily relate to real property and financing leases that relate to equipment. As a practical expedient, Legg Mason has elected to not capitalize leases with a term of 12 months or less without a purchase option that it is likely to exercise. Also as a practical expedient for disclosure, Legg Mason has elected to not separate lease and non-lease components on operating and financing leases. Lease components are payment items directly attributable to the use of the underlying asset, while non-lease components are explicit elements of a contract not directly related to the use of the underlying asset, including pass through operating expenses like common area maintenance and utilities.

ROU assets and lease liabilities are recognized on the consolidated balance sheet at the present value of the future lease payments over the life of the lease term. As implicit rates for leases are not determinable, the Company uses discount rates based on incremental borrowing rates, on a collateralized basis, for the respective underlying assets, for terms similar to the respective leases. Lease costs are included as Occupancy expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income. Fixed base payments on operating leases paid directly to the lessor are recorded as lease expense on a straight-line basis. Related variable payments based on usage, changes in an index or market rate are expensed as incurred. Payments on financing leases are recorded as lease expense on a level-yield basis.

Upon adoption, Legg Mason recorded ROU assets of \$342,418 and lease liabilities of \$411,115 related to its real property operating leases and equipment financing leases. As further discussed in Note 8, Legg Mason has subleased or has vacated and is pursuing subleases for certain office space. As of March 31, 2019, the lease reserve liability for subleased space and

vacated space for which subleases are being pursued of \$24,063 was included in other current and non-current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheet under prior accounting guidance. Upon adoption of the updated guidance, the existing lease reserve liability was reclassified as a reduction of the ROU assets. ROU assets will be tested for impairment when circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable.

The adoption of this guidance did not require a cumulative effect adjustment or have a material impact on the Consolidated Statements of Income or Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

See Note 8 for additional information.

Recent Accounting Developments

In August 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") updated the guidance to clarify accounting for implementation costs incurred for a cloud computing arrangement that is a service contract. The update conforms the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred in a cloud computing arrangement that is a service contract with the accounting guidance that provides for capitalization of costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use-software. It was updated guidance is effective for Legg Mason in fiscal 2021, unless adopted earlier. It was guidance is evaluating its adoption.

In August 2018, the FASB also updated the guidance for fair value measurements. The updated guidance modifies disclosure requirements based on the revised FASB Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting finalized in August 2018 to improve effectiveness of financial statement disclosures. The updated guidance will be effective in fiscal 2021, unless adopted earlier. Legg Mason is evaluating its adoption.

3. Investments and Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

The disclosures below include details of Legg Mason's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value and net asset value ("NAV"), excluding the financial assets and financial liabilities of consolidated investment vehicles ("CIVs"). See Note 16, Variable Interest Entities and Consolidation of Investment Vehicles, for information related to the assets and liabilities of CIVs that are measured at fair value.

The fair values of financial assets and (liabilities) of the Company were determined using the following categories of inputs:

	As of June 30, 2019												
Ϊ¿ ¹ / ₂	i	Quoted prices other observable unobservable in active inputs inputs (Level 1) Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)			vestments easured at NAV		Total						
Assets:													
Cash equivalents ⁽¹⁾	\$	352,645	\$	13,598	\$	�2	\$	�	\$	366,243			
Equity investments: ⁽²⁾													
Seed capital investments		84,293		31,967		�2		2,169		118,429			
Investments related to long- term incentive plans		241,766		Ϊ¿½		Ϊ¿½		Ϊ¿½		241,766			
Other investments		13,009		2,098		�2		�		15,107			
Equity method investments: ⁽³⁾													
Seed capital investments ⁽⁴⁾		�		�		42,516		11,012		53,528			
Investments related to long- term incentive plans ⁽²⁾		�		�		�		10,466		10,466			
Other investments ⁽⁴⁾		�		�²		1,222		10,414		11,636			
Adjusted cost investments ⁽⁴⁾		�2		70		12,124		�		12,194			
Derivative assets ⁽⁵⁾		3,221		�		�		�		3,221			
Total	\$	694,934	\$	47,733	\$	55,862	\$	34,061	\$	832,590			
Liabilities:													
Contingent consideration liabilities ⁽⁶⁾	\$	�	\$	�	\$	(3,625)	\$	Ϊ¿½	\$	(3,625)			
Derivative liabilities ⁽⁵⁾		(2,848)		�2		�2		�		(2,848)			
Total	\$	(2,848)	\$	�	\$	(3,625)	\$	�	\$	(6,473)			

Λc	αf	Mai	rch	21	20	10
AS	OΙ	IVIa	CII	21.	20	17

Ϊ¿½	i	Quoted prices other observable markets (Level 1) Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)		other oservable inputs	uno	gnificant bservable inputs Level 3)	restments asured at NAV	Total		
Assets:										
Cash equivalents ⁽¹⁾	\$	556,231	\$	20,160	\$	�	\$ �	\$	576,391	
Equity investments: (2)										
Seed capital investments		98,276		30,601		1,455	2,183		132,515	
Investments related to long- term incentive plans		211,802		�		�			211,802	
Other investments		19,486		2,142		�	�2		21,628	
Equity method investments: (3)										
Seed capital investments ⁽⁴⁾		�		�2		40,854	10,675		51,529	
Investments related to long- term incentive plans ⁽²⁾		�		Ϊ¿½		�	11,184		11,184	
Other investments ⁽⁴⁾		ï¿⅓2		�		1,218	10,251		11,469	
Adjusted cost investments ⁽⁴⁾		�		74		12,171	�		12,245	
Derivative assets ⁽⁵⁾		4,183		�		�	Ϊ¿½		4,183	
Total	\$	889,978	\$	52,977	\$	55,698	\$ 34,293	\$	1,032,946	
Liabilities:										
Contingent consideration liabilities (6)	\$	�	\$	Ϊ¿½	\$	(1,415)	\$ �	\$	(1,415)	
Derivative liabilities ⁽⁵⁾		(7,579)		�		�	�		(7,579)	
Total	\$	(7,579)	\$	�	\$	(1,415)	\$ �	\$	(8,994)	

⁽¹⁾ Cash investments in actively traded money market funds are classified as Level 1.i¿½i;½**mash**tments in time deposits and other are measured at amortized cost, which approximates fair value because of the short time between purchase of the instrument and its expected realization and are classified as Level 2.

The net realized and unrealized gains for investment securities classified as equity investments were \$10,153 and \$477 for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The net unrealized gains (losses) relating to equity investments still held as of the reporting date were \$1,572 and \$(16,877) for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Seed capital investments represent investments made by Legg Mason to fund new investment products and strategies. As of June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, seed capital investments totaled \$216,565 and \$227,756, respectively, with investments in excess of \$1,000 in 49 funds and 52 funds, respectively, comprising over 90% of the total at each period end. Seed capital investments presented in the tables above exclude \$44,608 and \$43,712, as of June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, respectively, which is related to Legg Mason's investments in CIVs. See Note 16 for additional information regarding Legg Mason's investments in CIVs.

⁽²⁾ Included in Investment securities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽³⁾ Primarily investments in private equity and real estate funds. These equity method investments are investment companies that primarily record underlying investments at fair value. Therefore, the fair value of these investments is measured using Legg Mason's share of the investee's underlying net income or loss, which is predominately representative of fair value adjustments in the investments held by the equity method investee. Other equity method investments not measured at fair value on a recurring basis of \$28,162 and \$28,160 as of June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, respectively, are excluded from the tables above.

⁽⁴⁾ Included in Other noncurrent assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽⁵⁾ See Note 14.

⁽⁶⁾ See Note 9.

The changes in financial asset and (liabilities) measured at fair value using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) are presented in the tables below:

�	M	Balance as of Redemptions/ Jarch 31, Settlements/ 2019 Purchases Sales Other Transfers				;			Settlements/		uni	ealized and realized gains/ osses), net	Balance as of une 30, 2019
Assets:													
Equity investments - seed capital	\$	1,455	\$	�2	\$ ï¿	;½	\$	(1,457)	\$	ï¿⅓2	\$	2	\$ �
Equity method investments:													
Seed capital investments		40,854		1,913	ï	,1/2		(678)		ï¿⅓2		427	42,516
Other		1,218		�	ï	,1/2		(13)		ï¿⅓2		17	1,222
Adjusted cost investments		12,171		75		,1/2		(125)		ï¿⅓2		3	12,124
Ϊ¿½	\$	55,698	\$	1,988	\$ ï	,1/2	\$	(2,273)	\$	ï¿⅓2	\$	449	\$ 55,862
Liabilities:													
Contingent consideration liabilities	\$	(1,415)	\$	(3,389)	n/	′a	\$	�	1	n/a	\$	1,179	\$ (3,625)
�		salance as of arch 31, 2018	Pu	ırchases	Sales			edemptions/ ettlements/ Other	Transfe	ers	uni	ealized and realized gains/ osses), net	salance as of une 30, 2018
Assets:													
Equity Investments - seed capital	\$	1,242	\$	�	\$ ï	; ¹ /2	\$	�	\$	ï¿⅓2	\$	148	\$ 1,390
Equity method investments:													
Seed capital investments		33,725		47	ï	; ¹ /2		(228)		ï¿⅓2		438	33,982
Other		�		1,150	ï¿	; ¹ /2		�		�			1,150
Adjusted cost investments		6,951		4,000		,1/2		(2)		ï¿⅓2		1	10,950
Ϊ¿½	\$	41,918	\$	5,197	\$ ï	,1/2	\$	(230)	\$	ï¿⅓2	\$	587	\$ 47,472
Liabilities:													
Contingent consideration liabilities	\$	(5,607)		n/a	n	′a		n/a	1	1/a	\$	(467)	\$ (6,074)

Realized and unrealized gains and losses recorded for Leveli; howestments are included in Other non-operating income (expense), net, in the Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss). The change in unrealized gains for Leveli; howestments and liabilities still held at the reporting date was \$1,626 and \$117 for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

There were no significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

As a practical expedient, Legg Mason relies on the NAV of certain investments as their fair value. If this MAVs that have been provided by the investees have been derived from the fair values of the underlying investments as of the respective reporting dates. If this Mollowing table summarizes the nature of these investments and any related liquidation restrictions or other factors which may impact the ultimate value realized:

		Fair Value Determined Using NAV				As of June 3	0, 2019		
Category of Investment	Investment Strategy		ne 30, 2019		N	March 31, 2019	�	Unfunded Commitments	Remaining Term
Funds-of-hedge funds	Global macro, fixed income, long/short equity, natural resources, systematic, emerging market, European hedge	\$	10,111	(1)	\$	9,910	_	n/a	n/a
Hedge funds	Fixed income - developed market, event driven, fixed income - hedge, relative value arbitrage, European hedge		2,236			1,515	9	Š ϊ¿½	n/a
Private equity funds	Long/short equity		11,216	(2)		11,636		5,509	Up to 10 years
Equity method investments related to long-term incentive plans	Alternatives, structured securities, short-dated fixed income		10,466	(2)		11,185		n/a	n/a
Other	Various		32			47		n/a	Various
Total	�	\$	34,061		\$	34,293	\$	5,509	�

n/a - not applicable

There are no current plans to sell any of these investments held as of June 30, 2019.

4. Acquisition

On April 10, 2019, Clarion Partners acquired a majority stake in Gramercy Europe (Jersey) Limited ("Gramercy"), a European real estate investment business specializing in pan-European logistics and industrial assets. The transaction required an initial cash payment of \$10,247 (net of cash acquired), which was paid using existing cash resources, and a potential contingent consideration payment of up to approximately \$3,735 (using the foreign exchange rate as of April 10, 2019, for the $\ddot{i}_{6}1/23,315$ potential payment), due on the fifth anniversary of closing upon the achievement of certain financial metrics.

In connection with the acquisition, Clarion Partners recognized an amortizable intangible asset management contracts asset of \$5,876, with a useful life of eight years at acquisition, goodwill of \$20,196, and noncontrolling interest of \$11,715. The fair value of the contingent consideration at acquisition was \$3,389.

⁽¹⁾ Liquidation restrictions: 21% monthly redemption, 1% quarterly redemption, and 78% are not subject to redemption or are not currently redeemable.

⁽²⁾ Liquidations are expected over the remaining term.

5. Fixed Assets

The following table reflects the components of fixed assets as of:

	Ju	ne 30, 2019	M	larch 31, 2019
Software	\$	275,603	\$	269,944
Leasehold improvements		213,307		212,742
Equipment		162,401		159,421
Total cost		651,311		642,107
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(503,446)		(492,118)
Fixed assets, net	\$	147,865	\$	149,989

Depreciation and amortization expense related to fixed assets was \$11,040 and \$11,367 for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

6. Intangible Assets and Goodwill

The following table reflects the components of intangible assets as of:

$\ddot{\iota}_{\dot{\iota}}^{1/2}$	Jui	ne 30, 2019	March 31, 2019
Amortizable intangible asset management contracts and other			<u>ارًا 1⁄2</u>
Cost	\$	372,388	\$ 366,930
Accumulated amortization		(245,828)	(240,488)
Net ⁽¹⁾		126,560	126,442
Indefiniteï;¹½life intangible assets			
U.S. domestic mutual fund management contracts		2,106,351	2,106,351
Clarion Partners fund management contracts		505,200	505,200
EnTrust Global fund management contracts		126,804	126,804
Other fund management contracts		469,943	473,360
Trade names		48,450	48,602
Ϊ¿½		3,256,748	3,260,317
Intangible assets, net	\$	3,383,308	\$ 3,386,759

⁽¹⁾ As of June 30, 2019, includes \$5,853 related to the acquisition of Gramercy by Clarion Partners. See Note 4 for additional information.

Certain of Legg Mason's intangible assets are denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar and balances related to these assets will fluctuate with changes in the related foreign currency exchange rates.

Indefinite-lifentangibleAssetandGoodwill

In Legg Mason's fiscal 2019 annual impairment test, the assessed fair values of the EnTrust Global indefinite-life fund management contracts asset and trade name asset, and the RARE Infrastructure indefinite-life fund management contracts asset declined below their respective carrying values, and accordingly, were impaired. Should market performance and/or AUM levels of EnTrust Global or RARE Infrastructure decrease in the near term such that cash flow projections deviate from current projections, it is reasonably possible that the assets could become impaired, and the impairment could be a material amount.

Legg Mason determined that no triggering events occurred as of June 30, 2019 that would require further impairment testing.

Legg Masonïs **Siscal 2019 goodwill impairment testing noted the assessed fair value of the Global Asset Management business reporting unit exceeded its related carrying value by 4%. Should market performance and/or AUM levels decrease in the near term such that cash flow projections deviate from current projections, it is reasonably possible that this asset could become impaired, and the impairment could be a material amount.

The change in carrying value of goodwill is summarized below:

	Gro	ss Book Value	Accur	nulated Impairment	Ne	t Book Value
Balance as of March 31, 2019	\$	3,045,454	\$	(1,161,900)	\$	1,883,554
Impact of excess tax basis amortization		(2,741)		�		(2,741)
Changes in foreign exchange rates and other		(4,660)		�		(4,660)
Business acquisition ⁽¹⁾		20,196		�		20,196
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	3,058,249	\$	(1,161,900)	\$	1,896,349

⁽¹⁾ See Note 4 for additional information.

AmortizablentangibleAssetManagemenContractandOther

There were no impairments to amortizable management contract intangible assets during the three months ended June 30, 2019 or 2018.

As of June 30, 2019, amortizable intangible asset management contracts and other are being amortized over a weighted-average remaining life of 5.7 years.

Estimated amortization expense for each of the next five fiscal years and thereafter is as follows:

Remaining fiscal 2020	\$ 17,095
2021	21,823
2022	21,473
2023	20,713
2024	19,884
Thereafter	25,572
Total	\$ 126,560

7. Long Term Debt

Long-term debt, net, consists of the following:

�	June 30, 2019								ch 31, 019	
�	(Carrying Value	Dis	nortized count mium)	Unamort Debt Issu Cost	iance		Maturity Amount		rying alue
2.7% Senior Notes due July 2019	\$	249,966	\$	4	\$	30	\$	250,000	\$ 2	50,300
3.95% Senior Notes due July 2024		248,798		229		973		250,000	2	48,739
4.75% Senior Notes due March 2026		447,609		�2	2	2,391		450,000	4	47,521
5.625% Senior Notes due January 2044		548,040		(2,999)	۷	1,959		550,000	5	48,020
6.375% Junior Notes due March 2056		242,512		⁄2	7	7,488		250,000	2	42,461
5.45% Junior Notes due September 2056		484,813		⁄2	15	5,187		500,000	4	84,711
Subtotal		2,221,738		(2,766)	31	,028		2,250,000	2,2	21,752
Less: Current portion		(249,966)		(4)		(30)		(250,000)	(2.	50,301)
Total	\$	1,971,772	\$	(2,770)	\$ 30),998	\$	2,000,000	\$1,9	71,451

On July 15, 2019, Legg Mason repaid the \$250,000 of outstanding 2.7% Senior Notes due July 2019, using existing cash resources. The remaining \$2,000,000 outstanding as of June 30, 2019 matures after fiscal 2024.

As of June 30, 2019, the estimated fair value of long-term debt was \$2,363,152. The fair value of debt was estimated using publicly quoted market prices and was classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

8. Leases

Legg Mason leases over 1,500 square feet of office space with approximately one-third currently subleased to various firms, the majority of which are within the U.S. Office facilities and equipment are leased under various non-cancelable operating leases and certain equipment is also leased under financing leases. Legg Mason's current leases have remaining terms that vary up to 19 years. Certain leases provide for options to extend up to 15 years and/or options to terminate within seven years.

As previously disclosed in Note 2, the lease reserve liability related to our subleased space and vacated space for which subleases are being pursued was \$24,063 as of March 31, 2019. Upon adoption of the updated lease accounting guidance on April 1, 2019, the existing Other current and non-current liabilities were reclassified as a reduction of the ROU asset recorded in accordance with the updated guidance.

Leases included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets were as follows:

	Classification	As of Ju	ane 30, 2019
Operating leases:			
Operating lease ROU assets	Right-of-use assets	\$	322,939
Operating lease liabilities	Lease liabilities		391,445
Finance leases:			
Property and equipment, gross	Right-of-use assets	\$	1,944
Less: accumulated depreciation	Right-of-use assets		(104)
Property and equipment, net		\$	1,840
Finance lease liabilities	Lease liabilities	\$	1,663

The components of lease expense included in the Consolidated Statement of Income were as follows:

		Three Montl	ns Ended
	Classification	June 30,	2019
Operating lease cost	Occupancy expense	\$	20,921
Financing lease cost:			
Amortization of right-of-use asset	Occupancy expense		241
Interest on lease liabilities	Interest expense		13
Total finance lease cost			254
Short-term lease cost	Occupancy expense		1,845
Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	Occupancy expense		5,003
Less: sublease billings	Occupancy expense		(6,234)
Net lease cost ⁽²⁾		\$	21,789
// ** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	 		

⁽¹⁾ Variable lease cost includes operating expenses, real estate taxes, and sales tax. Variable lease costs are determined by whether they are to be included in base rent and if amounts are based on a consumer price index.

Lease expense (excluding leasehold amortization of \$3,541) incurred in the three months ended June 30, 2018 was \$21,363.

Sublease amounts billed are recorded as a reduction of Occupancy expense in the Consolidated Statement of Income. The amounts billed are primarily fixed base rental payments combined with variable lease cost reimbursements. Sublease amounts related to base rent are recorded on a straight-line basis.

⁽²⁾ Excludes other occupancy expense of \$3,917 for leasehold amortization

Undiscounted future cash flows for each of the next five fiscal years and thereafter related to operating and financing leases as of June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	 perating Leases	Finance Leases	Total
Remaining fiscal 2020	\$ 68,332	\$ 742	\$ 69,074
2021	85,886	650	86,536
2022	84,401	221	84,622
2023	83,100	90	83,190
2024	69,452	20	69,472
Thereafter	43,202	�	43,202
Total lease payments	434,373	1,723	436,096
Less: Imputed interest	(42,928)	(60)	(42,988)
Present value of lease liabilities	\$ 391,445	\$ 1,663	\$ 393,108

As of June 30, 2019, the weighted-average remaining lease terms and weighted-average discount rates for operating and finance leases were as follows:

Weighted-average remaining lease term in years:	
Operating leases	5.2
Finance leases	2.2
Weighted-average discount rates:	
Operating leases	3.98%
Finance leases	2.95%

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases was as follows:

	Three M	Ionths Ended
	June	2 30, 2019
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:		
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$	22,871
Financing cash flows from finance leases		248

There was no significant non-cash lease activity for the three months ended June 30, 2019.

As of March 31, 2019, minimum aggregate rentals under operating leases were as follows:

	C	perating Leases ⁽¹⁾
2020	\$	90,667
2021		86,095
2022		84,485
2023		83,425
2024		72,192
Thereafter		47,240
Total	\$	464,104

⁽¹⁾ The minimum rental commitments have not been reduced by \$105,193 for minimum sublease rentals to be received under non-cancelable subleases.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

As of June 30, 2019, Legg Mason had commitments to invest \$15,257 in limited partnerships that make private investments. These commitments are expected to be outstanding, or funded as required, through the end of their respective investment periods ranging through fiscal 2030. Also, in connection with the acquisition of Clarion Partners in April 2016, Legg Mason committed to provide \$100,000 of seed capital to Clarion Partners products.

As of June 30, 2019, Legg Mason also had future commitments totaling \$102,384 related to multi-year agreements for certain services, of which \$38,217, \$29,153 and \$16,331 will be due during the remainder of fiscal 2020, and in fiscal 2021 and fiscal 2022, respectively. The remainder will be due through fiscal 2027.

In the normal course of business, Legg Mason enters into contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties and that provide general indemnifications, which are not considered financial guarantees by relevant accounting guidance. Legg Masonig maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown, as this would involve future claims that may be made against Legg Mason that have not yet occurred.

Legg Mason has been the subject of customer complaints and has also been named as a defendant in various legal actions arising primarily from asset management, securities brokerage, and investment banking activities, including certain class actions, which primarily allege violations of securities laws and seek unspecified damages, which could be substantial. In the normal course of its business, Legg Mason has also received subpoenas and is currently involved in other governmental and industry self-regulatory agency inquiries, investigations and, from time to time, proceedings involving asset management activities. In accordance with guidance for accounting for contingencies, Legg Mason has established provisions for estimated losses from pending complaints, legal actions, investigations and proceedings when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and a reasonable estimate of loss can be made.

Legg Mason cannot estimate the reasonably possible loss or range of loss associated with matters of litigation and other proceedings, including those described above as customer complaints, legal actions, inquiries, proceedings and investigations. The inability to provide a reasonably possible amount or range of losses is not because there is uncertainty as to the ultimate outcome of a matter, but because liability and damage issues have not developed to the point where Legg Mason can conclude that there is both a reasonable possibility of a loss and a meaningful amount or range of possible losses. There are numerous aspects to customer complaints, legal actions, inquiries, proceedings and investigations that prevent Legg Mason from estimating a related amount or range of reasonably possible losses. These aspects include, among other things, the nature of the matters; that significant relevant facts are not known, are uncertain or are in dispute; and that damages sought are not specified, are uncertain, unsupportable or unexplained. In addition, for legal actions, discovery may not yet have started, may not be complete or may not be conclusive, and meaningful settlement discussions may not have occurred. Further, for regulatory matters, investigations may run their course without any clear indication of wrongdoing or fault until their conclusion.

In management's opinion, an adequate accrual has been made as of June 30, 2019, to provide for any probable losses that may arise from matters for which the Company could reasonably estimate an amount. Legg Mason's financial condition, results of operations and cash flows could be materially affected during a period in which probable losses become apparent or a matter is ultimately resolved. In addition, the ultimate costs of litigation-related charges can vary significantly from period-to-period, depending on factors such as market conditions, the size and volume of customer complaints and claims, including class action suits, and recoveries from indemnification, contribution, insurance reimbursement, or reductions in compensation under revenue share arrangements.

Noncontrollindnterests

Legg Mason may be obligated to settle redeemable noncontrolling interests related to certain affiliates. As of June 30, 2019, affiliate redeemable noncontrolling interests, excluding amounts related to management equity plans, aggregated \$510,593. In addition, as of June 30, 2019, the estimated redemption fair value for units under affiliate management equity plans (redeemable and nonredeemable) aggregated \$64,704.

See Notes 10 and 13 for additional information regarding affiliate management equity plans and noncontrolling interests, respectively.

Contingen Consideration

As further discussed in Note 4, on April 10, 2019, Clarion Partners acquired a majority interest in Gramercy. The transaction included a potential contingent consideration payment of up to \$3,767 (using the foreign exchange rate as of June 30, 2019, for the "¿½3,3 Hotential payment), due on the fifth anniversary of closing upon the achievement of certain financial metrics. As of June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, contingent consideration liabilities totaling \$3,625 and \$1,415, respectively, were included in Other non-current liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

10. Stock-Based Compensation

Legg Mason's stock-based compensation includes restricted stock units, stock options, an employee stock purchase plan, market and performance-based performance shares payable in common stock, affiliate management equity plans and deferred compensation payable in stock. Shares available for issuance under the equity incentive stock plan as of June 30, 2019, were 6,222. Options under Legg Masonig Equity incentive stock plans have been granted at prices not less than 100% of the fair market value on the date of grant. Options are generally exercisable in equal increments over four years and expire within eight years to 10 years from the date of grant.

As further discussed below, the components of Legg Mason's total stock-based compensation expense were as follows:

	Three Months Ended Jun								
		2018							
Restricted stock and restricted stock units	\$	17,634	\$	14,987					
Stock options		1,154		1,418					
Employee stock purchase plan		254		287					
Non-employee director awards		150		�					
Affiliate management equity plans		1,623		776					
Performance share units		3,011		1,610					
Employee stock trust		8		7					
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	23,834	\$	19,085					

Restricted Stock

Restricted stock and restricted stock unit transactions are summarized below:

Three Months Ended June 30,											
20	19	2018									
Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Grant Date Value	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Grant Date Value								
3,045	\$ 37.76	3,299	\$ 38.09								
1,196	35.50	1,156	39.16								
(1,199)	38.86	(1,245)	39.84								
(30)	35.79	(27)	37.43								
3,012	\$ 36.45	3,183	\$ 37.81								
	Number of Shares 3,045 1,196 (1,199) (30)	2019 Number of Shares Weighted-Average Grant Date Value 3,045 \$ 37.76 1,196 35.50 (1,199) 38.86 (30) 35.79	Number of Shares Weighted-Average Grant Date Value Number of Shares 3,045 \$ 37.76 3,299 1,196 35.50 1,156 (1,199) 38.86 (1,245) (30) 35.79 (27)								

Unamortized compensation cost related to unvested restricted stock awards at June 30, 2019, of \$89,026 is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.8 years.

Stock Options

Stock option transactions under Legg Mason's equity incentive plans are summarized below:

Three Months Ended June 30.

		2019		2018					
�	Number ofi¿½Shares	Exercise	d-Average e Price Per nare	Number ofi¿½Shares		ghted-Average ercise Price Per Share			
Options outstanding at March 31	4,115	\$	39.05	4,437	\$	38.78			
Exercised	(311)		31.83	(150)		33.02			
Canceled/forfeited	(37)		40.63	(30)		44.69			
Options outstanding at June 30	3,767	\$	39.63	4,257	\$	38.94			

At June 30, 2019, options were exercisable for 3,363 shares, with a weighted-average exercise price of \$40.19 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 3.5 years. Unamortized compensation cost related to unvested options for 404 shares at June 30, 2019, was \$2,010, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of one year.

AffiliateManagemenEquityPlans

In connection with the acquisition of Clarion Partners in April 2016, Legg Mason implemented a management equity plan for Clarion Partners that entitles certain of its key employees to participate in 15% of the future growth, if any, of the Clarion Partners enterprise value (subject to appropriate discounts) subsequent to the date of the grant. As of June 30, 2019, the estimated aggregate redemption fair value of units under the plan, as if they were currently redeemable, was \$11,900.

Effective March 1, 2016, Legg Mason implemented a management equity plan for Royce's key employees. Under the management equity plan, minority equity interests equivalent to a 24.5% interest in the Royce entity have been issued to certain key employees. Equity holders receive quarterly distributions of a portion of Royce's pre-tax income in amounts equal to the percentage of ownership represented by the equity they hold, subject to payment of Legg Mason's revenue share and reasonable expenses. As of June 30, 2019, the estimated aggregate redemption fair value of units under the plan, as if they were currently redeemable, was \$10,700.

On March 31, 2014, Legg Mason implemented a management equity plan and granted units to key employees of its subsidiary ClearBridge Investments, LLC ("ClearBridge") that entitle them to participate in 15% of the future growth, if any, of the ClearBridge enterprise value (subject to appropriate discounts) subsequent to the grant date. Independent valuation determined the aggregate cost of the award to be approximately \$16,000, which was recognized as Compensation and benefits expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) over the related vesting periods through March 2019. Total compensation expense related to the ClearBridge affiliate management equity plan was \$1,623 and \$776 for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. The compensation expense for the three months ended June 30, 2019, includes \$1,600 related to the modification of the plan to include an in-service put option for current participants, which resulted in an increase in the fair value of the awards. This arrangement provides for one-half of the cost, excluding the amount related to the plan modification, to be absorbed by the ClearBridge incentive pool. As of June 30, 2019, the estimated aggregate redemption fair value of vested units under the ClearBridge plan, as if they were currently redeemable, was approximately \$42,104.

Other

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, non-employee directors held 100 and 81 restricted stock units, respectively, which vest on the grant date and are, therefore, not included in the unvested shares of restricted stock units in the table above.

Upon the acquisition of Clarion Partners in April 2016, Legg Mason granted certain key employees of Clarion Partners a total of 716 performance-based Legg Mason restricted share units, which are not included in the unvested shares of restricted stock units in the table above, with an aggregate fair value of \$11,121, which was included in the purchase price. These restricted share units vest upon Clarion Partners achieving a certain level of EBITDA, as defined in the purchase agreement, within a designated period after the closing of the acquisition.

In May 2019 and 2018, Legg Mason granted certain executive officers a total of 168 and 163 performance share units, respectively, as part of their fiscal 2019 and 2018 incentive awards with an aggregate value of \$6,334 and \$5,820, respectively. The vesting of performance share units granted in May 2019 and 2018 and the number of shares payable at vesting are

determined based on Legg Masonis **Lealtive total stockholder return and relative organic growth rate of long-term AUM over three-year periods ending March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The recorded grant date fair values per performance share unit of \$37.63 and \$35.67, respectively, were estimated based on multiple fair value Monte Carlo pricing models. Expense associated with these grants are adjusted for the level of relative organic growth expected to be ultimately achieved. The estimated fair values for the May 2019 grant range from \$21.63 to \$45.63 per performance share unit and for the May 2018 grant range from \$18.08 to \$44.46 per performance share unit. The following assumptions were used in the Monte Carlo pricing models for the May 2019 and 2018 grants:

	May 2019	May 2018
Expected dividend yield	4.41%	3.49%
Risk-free interest rate	2.11%	2.71%
Average expected volatility	23.96%	26.14%

As further discussed in Note 15, Legg Mason has initiated a strategic restructuring, which includes approximately \$6,300 of unamortized costs associated with the acceleration of deferred compensation that will be substantially expensed during the second and third quarters of fiscal 2020.

11. Revenue

The following table presents Total Operating Revenues disaggregated by asset class:

		d June 30,		
		2019		2018
Equity	\$	291,341	\$	315,130
Fixed Income		282,911		290,920
Alternative		107,542		121,475
Liquidity		23,566		20,380
Total Operating Revenues	\$	705,360	\$	747,905

Revenues by geographic location are primarily based on the location of the advisor or domicile of fund families managed by Legg Mason and do not necessarily reflect where the customer resides or the currency in which the revenues are denominated. The following table presents Total Operating Revenues disaggregated by geographic location:

	Three Months Ended June 30,								
	 2019	2018							
United States	\$ 553,760	\$	570,989						
United Kingdom	32,010		40,605						
Other International	119,590		136,311						
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 705,360	\$	747,905						

Certain sales commissions paid in connection with obtaining assets managed in retail separately managed accounts are capitalized as deferred costs. As of June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, capitalized sales commissions of \$8,258 and \$8,126, respectively, were included in Other current assets and \$10,039 and \$10,147, respectively, were included in Other non-current assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Amortization related to capitalized sales commissions included in Compensation and benefits in the Consolidated Statements of Income was \$2,284 and \$2,314, for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. There were no impairment losses in relation to the capitalized costs during the three months ended June 30, 2019 or 2018.

12. Earnings Per Share

The following table presents the computations of basic and diluted EPS:

	Three Months	End	ed June 30,
Ϊ¿½	 2019		2018
Basic weighted-average shares outstanding for EPS	86,297		85,120
Potential common shares:			
Dilutive employee stock options	197		371
Diluted weighted-average shares outstanding for EPS	86,494		85,491
Net Income Attributable to�Legg Mason, Inc.	\$ 45,350	\$	66,090
Less: Earnings (distributed and undistributed) allocated to participating securities	 1,510		2,324
Net Income (Distributed and Undistributed) Allocated to Shareholders (Excluding Participating Securities)	\$ 43,840	\$	63,766
Net Income per share Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. Shareholders			
Basic	\$ 0.51	\$	0.75
Diluted	0.51		0.75

The weighted-average shares exclude weighted-average unvested restricted shares deemed to be participating securities of 2,852 and 3,053 for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Options to purchase 2,464 and 2,196 shares for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because the presumed proceeds from exercising such options, including the related income tax benefits, exceed the average price of the common shares for the period and, therefore, the options are deemed antidilutive.

Further, market- and performance-based awards are excluded from potential dilution until the designated market or performance condition is met.

13. Noncontrolling Interests

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests included the following amounts:

	Three Months Ended June 30,							
�	'	2019	2018					
Net income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests	\$	13,356	\$	10,061				
Net income attributable to nonredeemable noncontrolling interests		2,863		2,214				
Total	\$	16,219	\$	12,275				

The following tables present the changes in redeemable and nonredeemable noncontrolling interests:

		Re							
	Consolidated investment vehicles ⁽¹⁾ and other			Affili	ate				
			Noncontrolling Management equity plans				Total		Nonredeemable noncontrolling interests ⁽²⁾
Balance as of March 31, 2019	\$ 1	03,630	\$	540,595	\$	48,151	\$ 692,37	6	\$ 29,784
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		6,477		6,879		�	13,35	66	2,863
Business acquisition		∕2		11,715		⁄2	11,71	5	�
Net subscriptions (redemptions)		(6,906)		2½;i		�2	(6,90	06)	�
Purchase of affiliate noncontrolling interest:									
Payment (fair value portion)		∕2		(8,789)		�2	(8,78	39)	�
Change in redemption value		⁄2		(25,708)		�2	(25,70	(8)	�
Distributions		�		(14,063)		�2	(14,06	53)	(2,167)
Foreign exchange		�		(837)		�2	(83	37)	�2
Vesting/change in estimated redemption value		�2		801		2,812	3,61	3	�
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 1	03,201	\$	510,593	\$	50,963	\$ 664,75	57	\$ 30,480

		Re	deem	able noncont	roll	ing interests			
	Cons	Consolidated		Affili	ate				
	veh	investment vehicles ⁽¹⁾ Noncontrolling Management and other interests equity plan					Total	none	redeemable controlling terests ⁽²⁾
Balance as of March 31, 2018	\$	125,047	\$	573,950	\$	33,298	\$ 732,295	\$	27,731
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		2,532		7,529		�	10,061		2,214
Net subscriptions (redemptions)		18,132		⁄2		⁄2	18,132		⁄2
Distributions		�2		(11,450)		�²	(11,450)		(1,733)
Foreign exchange		iز1⁄2		(2,610)		�	(2,610)		⁄2
Vesting/change in estimated redemption value		�		284		985	1,269		�
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	145,711	\$	567,703	\$	34,283	\$ 747,697	\$	28,212

⁽¹⁾ Related to VIE and seeded investment products.

⁽²⁾ Related to Royce management equity plan.

The following tables present the changes in redeemable noncontrolling interests by affiliate (exclusive of management equity plans):

	Redeemable noncontrolling interests										
	EnTrust Global		Clarion Partners		RARE Infrastructure		Other			Total	
Balance as of March 31, 2019	\$	380,684	\$	123,502	\$	35,181	\$	1,228	\$	540,595	
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		2,884		4,118		106		(229)		6,879	
Business acquisition		�		ï¿⅓2		�		11,715		11,715	
Purchase of affiliate noncontrolling interest:											
Payment		�		ï;¹⁄2		(8,789)		�2		(8,789)	
Change in redemption value		�		ï¿⅓2		(25,708)		�2		(25,708)	
Distributions		(3,407)		(10,656)		⁄2		�2		(14,063)	
Foreign exchange		�		ï¿⅓2		(790)		(47)		(837)	
Change in estimated redemption value		�		801		�		�		801	
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	380,161	\$	117,765	\$	�2	\$	12,667	\$	510,593	
		,									

	Redeemable noncontrolling interests											
	EnTrust Global		Clarion Partners		RARE Infrastructure		Other			Total		
Balance as of March 31, 2018	\$	386,884	\$	117,272	\$	68,285	\$	1,509	\$	573,950		
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		2,829		4,083		696		(79)		7,529		
Distributions		(2,177)		(8,568)		(705)		⁄2		(11,450)		
Foreign exchange		�		Ϊ¿½2		(2,610)		ï;¹⁄2		(2,610)		
Change in estimated redemption value		�		284		⁄2		ï;¹⁄2		284		
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	387,536	\$	113,071	\$	65,666	\$	1,430	\$	567,703		

Redeemable noncontrolling interests of 35% of the outstanding equity of EnTrust Global and 18% of the outstanding equity of Clarion Partners can be put by the holders or called by Legg Mason for settlement at fair value subject to various conditions, including the passage of time. The amounts for noncontrolling interests, if reported at fair value in the Consolidated Balance Sheets, reflect the total business enterprise value of the combined entity, after appropriate discounts for lack of marketability and control.

On May 10, 2019, Legg Mason purchased the 15% equity interest in RARE Infrastructure held by the firm's management team for total consideration of \$21,988. The initial cash payment of \$11,967, which included related dividends in arrears of \$1,759, was paid on May 10, 2019. The remaining balance will be due 50% one year after closing and 50% two years after closing, subject to certain conditions. The \$11,440 difference between the fair value of the noncontrolling interest on the settlement date and the total consideration due (excluding dividends in arrears) was recorded as Compensation and benefits in the three months ended June 30, 2019. The \$25,708 difference between the fair value and the carrying value of the noncontrolling interest of \$34,497 on the settlement date was recorded as an increase to additional paid in capital. This purchase was part of Legg Mason's strategic restructuring, as further discussed in Note 15, to pursue operational efficiencies between RARE Infrastructure and ClearBridge that will reduce costs and enhance growth opportunities for both of the businesses.

14. Derivatives and Hedging

Legg Mason uses currency forwards to economically hedge the risk of movements in exchange rates, primarily between the U.S. dollar, British pound, Australian dollar, Singapore dollar, Japanese yen, and euro. All derivative transactions for which Legg Mason has certain legally enforceable rights of setoff are governed by International Swaps and Derivative Association ("ISDA") Master Agreements. For these derivative transactions, Legg Mason has one ISDA Master Agreement with each of the significant counterparties, which covers transactions with that counterparty. Each of the respective ISDA agreements provides for legally enforceable settlement netting and close-out netting between Legg Mason and that counterparty. Other assets recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, were \$3,221 and \$4,183, respectively. Other liabilities recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, were \$2,848 and \$7,579, respectively.

Legg Mason also uses market hedges on certain seed capital investments by entering into futures contracts to sell index funds and treasuries that benchmark the hedged seed capital investments and has entered into total return swap arrangements with respect to certain Legg Mason sponsored ETFs, as further discussed below.

Legg Mason has not designated any derivatives as hedging instruments for accounting purposes during the periods ended June 30, 2019, March 31, 2019, or June 30, 2018. As of June 30, 2019, Legg Mason had open currency forward contracts with aggregate notional amounts totaling \$322,793, and open futures contracts relating to seed capital investments with aggregate notional amounts totaling \$114,197. With the exception of the total return swap arrangements and related futures contracts below, these amounts are representative of the level of non-hedge designation derivative activity throughout the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. As of June 30, 2019, the weighted-average remaining contract terms for currency forward contracts was seven months and for futures contracts relating to seed capital investments was three months.

Legg Mason has entered into various total return swap arrangements with financial intermediaries with respect to certain Legg Mason sponsored ETFs, which resulted in investments by each of the financial intermediaries in the respective ETF. Under the terms of each of the total return swap arrangements, Legg Mason receives the related investment gains and losses on the underlying shares of the ETF and pays a floating rate on the value of the underlying shares. Each of the total return swap arrangements allows either party to terminate all or part of the arrangement and provides for automatic termination upon occurrence of certain events. Each financial intermediary counterparty may hedge its total return swap position through an investment in the ETF and the financial intermediaries purchased interests in the related Legg Mason ETF on the date of the transactions. The aggregate notional amount for total return swaps outstanding as of June 30, 2019 was \$54,778, with a weighted-average remaining contract term of six months. The floating rate paid on the value of the underlying securities for all total return swap arrangements outstanding as of June 30, 2019 was three-month LIBOR plus 1.6%.

In connection with the total return swap arrangements, Legg Mason executed futures contracts with notional amounts totaling \$36,110 as of June 30, 2019 to partially hedge the gains and losses recognized on the total return swaps. These contracts had a weighted-average remaining contract term of two months.

As further discussed in Note 16, the total return swap arrangements create variable interests in the underlying funds for Legg Mason, and, if significant, Legg Mason is deemed to be the primary beneficiary. Accordingly, Legg Mason may consolidate ETF products with significant open total return swap arrangements.

The following table presents the derivative assets and related offsets, if any:

							Gı	oss Amounts in the Balan			
	Am Rec	Gross ounts of ognized assets	Of	Gross Amounts fset in the Balance Sheet	of P	et Amount Derivative Assets resented in ne Balance Sheet		Financial astruments	_(Cash Collateral	et Amount as of e 30, 2019
Derivative instruments not de	esigna	ated as hed	lgin	g instrumer	ıts						
Currency forward contracts	\$	3,030	\$	(911)	\$	2,119	\$	�	\$	Ϊ¿½2	\$ 2,119
Total return swaps		�		�		�		1,102		3,390	4,492
Total derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments	\$	3,030	\$	(911)	\$	2,119	\$	1,102	\$	3,390	\$ 6,611

The following table presents the derivative liabilities and related offsets, if any:

							G	Gross Amounts in the Balan			
	An Red	Gross nounts of cognized abilities	O	Gross Amounts ffset in the Balance Sheet	of I Pr	et Amount Derivative Liabilities resented in the Balance Sheet		Financial	С	Cash ollateral	et Amount as of e 30, 2019
Derivative instruments not de	esign	ated as he	dgi	ng instrume	nts						
Currency forward contracts	\$	(1,177)	\$	787	\$	(390)	\$	�	\$	�	\$ (390)
Futures contracts relating	to:										
Seed capital investments		�2		�2		⁄2		(1,958)		7,170	5,212
Total return swaps		�		�		�		(500)		1,170	670
Total future contracts		�		�		�		(2,458)		8,340	5,882
Total derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments	\$	(1,177)	\$	787	\$	(390)	\$	(2,458)	\$	8,340	\$ 5,492

The following table presents the derivative assets and related offsets, if any:

							oss Amount in the Balai				
	Amo	bross ounts of ognized ssets	(Gross mounts Offset in Balance Sheet	of Pr	et Amount Derivative Assets resented in the Balance Sheet	 inancial struments	С	Cash ollateral]	Net amount as of March 31, 2019
Derivative instruments not des	signat	ed as hed	gin	g instrumer	nts						
Currency forward contracts	\$	3,997	\$	(1,874)	\$	2,123	\$ �2	\$	�2	\$	2,123
Total return swaps		�		�		ï;¹⁄2	2,060		2,310		4,370
Total derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments	\$	3,997	\$	(1,874)	\$	2,123	\$ 2,060	\$	2,310	\$	6,493

The following table presents the derivative liabilities and related offsets, if any:

							G	ross Amounts in the Balan			
	Am Rec	Gross counts of cognized abilities	(Gross Amounts Offset in the Balance Sheet	of I P	Tet Amount Derivative Liabilities resented in ne Balance Sheet		Financial nstruments	C	Cash Collateral	Net amount as of March 31, 2019
Derivative instruments not des	signa	ted as hed	lgir	ng instrumer	ıts						
Currency forward contracts	\$	(7,465)	\$	2,094	\$	(5,371)	\$	�	\$	�2	\$ (5,371)
Futures contracts relating to:											
Seed capital investments		ï¿⅓2		�		�		(1,798)		7,640	5,842
Total return swaps		�		ï;½		�		(410)		1,104	694
Total futures contracts		�		�		�		(2,208)		8,744	6,536
Total derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments	\$	(7,465)	\$	2,094	\$	(5,371)	\$	(2,208)	\$	8,744	\$ 1,165

The following table presents gains (losses) recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income on derivative instruments. As described above, the currency forward contracts and futures and forward contracts for seed capital investments included below are economic hedges of interest rate and market risk of certain operating and investing activities of Legg Mason.

		Thr	ee Months E	inded June	30,
		20	19	20)18
	Income Statement Classification	Gains	Losses	Gains	Losses
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments					
Currency forward contracts relating to:					
Operating activities	Other expense	\$ 3,639	\$ (5,484)	\$ 4,620	\$ (10,238)
Seed capital investments	Other non-operating income (expense)	725	(564)	4,128	(628)
Futures contracts relating to:					
Seed capital investments	Other non-operating income (expense)	311	(3,966)	4,648	(4,115)
Total return swaps	Other non-operating income (expense)	1	(803)	1,042	(2,330)
Total return swaps	Other non-operating income (expense)	1,249	�	1,698	�
Total gain (loss) from derivatives not designated instruments	as hedging	\$ 5,925	\$ (10,817)	\$ 16,136	\$ (17,311)

15. Strategic Restructuring

In fiscal 2019, Legg Mason initiated a strategic restructuring to reduce costs. The areas included in the restructuring include corporate and distribution functions, as well as efficiency initiatives at certain smaller affiliates that operate outside of revenue-sharing arrangements. The strategic restructuring is expected to be substantially complete by the end of fiscal 2021.

This plan involves restructuring costs beginning January 1, 2019, which are primarily comprised of employee termination benefits and retention incentives expensed over identified transition periods. The restructuring costs also include charges for consolidating leased office space and other costs, including professional fees. Legg Mason expects to incur total strategic restructuring costs in the range of \$120,000 to \$140,000 through March 2021 that are expected to result in future cost savings. Cumulative strategic restructuring costs incurred through June 30, 2019 were \$42,250, including \$32,898 incurred during the three months ended June 30, 2019.

The table below presents a summary of changes in the restructuring liability from January 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019, and cumulative charges incurred to date:

	npensation d benefits	C	Occupancy	Other	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$ �	\$	�	\$ Ϊ¿½	\$ �²
Accrued charges	�2		2,090	6,504	8,594
Balance as of March 31, 2019	�		2,090	6,504	8,594
Accrued charges	23,464		�	4,204	27,668
Payments	�		�	(2,650)	(2,650)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 23,464	\$	2,090	\$ 8,058	\$ 33,612
Non-cash charges ⁽¹⁾					
Three months ended March 31, 2019	\$ �2	\$	758	\$ �	\$ 758
Three months ended June 30, 2019	5,230		�	�	5,230
Total	\$ 5,230	\$	758	\$ �	\$ 5,988
Cumulative charges incurred through June 30, 2019	\$ 28,694	\$	2,848	\$ 10,708	\$ 42,250

⁽¹⁾ Includes stock-based compensation expense and accelerated fixed asset depreciation.

The estimates for the remaining strategic restructuring costs expected to be incurred through fiscal 2021 are as follows:

	Minin	num	Maxir	num
Compensation and benefits	\$	31,000	\$	41,000
Occupancy		22,000		27,000
Other costs		25,000		30,000
Total	\$	78,000	\$	98,000

While management expects the total estimated costs to be within the range disclosed, the ultimate nature and timing of the costs may differ from those presented above.

16. Variable Interest Entities and Consolidated Investment Vehicles

In accordance with financial accounting standards, Legg Mason consolidates certain sponsored investment products, some of which are designated as CIVs. As presented in the table below, Legg Mason concluded it was the primary beneficiary of certain VIEs because it held significant financial interests in the funds. In addition, Legg Mason has entered into various total return swap arrangements with financial intermediaries with respect to certain Legg Mason sponsored ETFs. Under the terms of the total return swaps, Legg Mason absorbs all of the related gains and losses on the underlying ETF investments of these financial intermediaries, and therefore has variable interests in ETFs with open total return swap arrangements and, if significant, Legg Mason is deemed to be the primary beneficiary of such ETFs. Because it was determined to be the primary beneficiary of these VIEs, Legg Mason consolidated and designated the following funds as CIVs in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of:

	June 30), 201	9	March 3	1, 20)19	June 30	, 20	18
	Number of Consolidated Funds	Inv	gg Mason vestment Funds ⁽¹⁾	Number of Consolidated Funds	In	Legg Mason vestment Funds ⁽¹⁾	Number of Consolidated Funds	In	Legg Mason vestment Funds ⁽¹⁾
Sponsored investment partnerships	2	\$	11,224	2	\$	11,671	2	\$	16,806
Trust structure foreign mutual funds	7		25,966	7		23,005	5		14,315
Employee trust structure funds	1		4,544	2		6,215	2		7,290
ETFs ⁽²⁾	3		2,874	3		2,821	2		4,183
Total		\$	44,608		\$	43,712		\$	42,594

⁽¹⁾ Represents Legg Mason's maximum risk of loss, excluding uncollected advisory fees.

The assets of these CIVs are primarily comprised of investment securities and currency forward derivatives and the liabilities of these CIVs are primarily comprised of payables for currency forward derivatives and purchased securities. Investors and creditors of these CIVs have no recourse to the general credit or assets of Legg Mason beyond its investment in these funds.

Legg Mason also consolidates certain voting rights entities ("VRE") products with seed capital investments where Legg Mason maintains a controlling financial interest in the product.

⁽²⁾ Under the total return swap arrangements, Legg Mason receives the related investment gains and losses on investments in three of Legg Mason's ETFs with notional amounts totaling \$54,778 as of June 30, 2019. See Note 14 for additional information regarding total return swaps.

The following tables reflect the impact of CIVs and other consolidated sponsored investment products in the Consolidated Balance Sheets and the Consolidated Statements of Income:

Consolidating Balance Sheets

⁄2				June	e 30	, 2019				Marc	h 31	, 2019		
Ϊ ¿¹ ½	Cor	Balance Before nsolidation CIVs and Other ⁽¹⁾		Vs and ther ⁽¹⁾		eclassifications Eliminations	C	onsolidated Totals	 Balance Before onsolidation f CIVs and Other ⁽¹⁾	IVs and Other ⁽¹⁾		classifications Eliminations	Co	onsolidated Totals
Current Assets	\$	1,641,001	\$14	46,848	\$	(41,985)	\$	1,745,864	\$ 1,916,485	\$ 144,091	\$	(40,720)	\$	2,019,856
Non-current assets		6,094,285		8,315		(2,623)		6,099,977	5,768,265	8,993		(2,992)		5,774,266
Total Assets	\$	7,735,286	\$1.	55,163	\$	(44,608)	\$	7,845,841	\$ 7,684,750	\$ 153,084	\$	(43,712)	\$	7,794,122
Current Liabilities	\$	859,527	\$	7,354	\$	�	\$	866,881	\$ 1,104,002	\$ 5,742	\$	�	\$	1,109,744
Non-current liabilities		2,582,940		ï;¹⁄2		�		2,582,940	2,302,463	�		�		2,302,463
Total Liabilities		3,442,467		7,354		Ϊ¿ ¹ /2		3,449,821	3,406,465	5,742		�		3,412,207
Redeemable Non- controlling interests		561,556		ïز½		103,201		664,757	588,746	Ϊ¿½2		103,630		692,376
Total Stockholdersï¿ Equity	1/2	3,731,263	14	47,809		(147,809)		3,731,263	3,689,539	147,342		(147,342)		3,689,539
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$	7,735,286	\$1:	55,163	\$	(44,608)	\$	7,845,841	\$ 7,684,750	\$ 153,084	\$	(43,712)	\$	7,794,122

⁽¹⁾ Other represents consolidated sponsored investment products (VREs) that are not designated as CIVs.

Consolidatingstatements Income(Loss)

								Three Mon	ths E	Ended						
�				June	30, 2	2019						June	30, 2018			
�	Co	Balance Before nsolidation CIVs and Other ⁽¹⁾	CIV and Othe	d	Eli	minations	Co	nsolidated Totals	Co	Balance Before nsolidation CIVs and Other ⁽¹⁾	aı	Vs nd er ⁽¹⁾	Elimina	ations	Co	nsolidated Totals
Total Operating Revenues	\$	705,485	\$	�	\$	(125)	\$	705,360	\$	748,108	\$	�2	\$	(203)	\$	747,905
Total Operating Expenses		621,291		350		(216)		621,425		621,816		692		(279)		622,229
Operating Income (Loss)		84,194	(350)		91		83,935		126,292		(692)		76		125,676
Total Non-Operating Income (Expense)		(11,054)	10,	085		(3,349)		(4,318)		(19,784)	3	,722		(574)		(16,636)
Income Before Income Tax Provision		73,140	9,	735		(3,258)		79,617		106,508	3	3,030		(498)		109,040
Income tax provision		18,048		�		Ϊ¿½		18,048		30,675		�		ï;½		30,675
Net Income		55,092	9,	735		(3,258)		61,569		75,833	3	,030		(498)		78,365
Less:��Net incom attributable to noncontrolling interests	ne	9,742		524		5,953		16,219		9,743		140		2,392		12,275
Net Income Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc.	\$	45,350	\$ 9,	211	\$	(9,211)	\$	45,350	\$	66,090	\$ 2	2,890	\$	(2,890)	\$	66,090

Thurs Months Ended

Non-Operating Income (Expense) of CIVs and Other includes interest income, interest expense, and net gains (losses) on investments.

The consolidation of CIVs has no impact on Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Legg Mason, i/, ½Inc.

As of June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, financial assets of CIVs carried at fair value totaling \$68,250 and \$70,197, respectively, were valued using Level 1 inputs, totaling \$63,639 and \$55,182, respectively, were valued using Level 2 inputs, and totaling \$11,972 and \$12,547, respectively, were valued using NAV as a practical expedient. As of June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, financial liabilities of CIVs carried at fair value of \$6,044 and \$4,217, respectively, were valued using Level 2 inputs.

There were no transfers between Level" Lived 2 during either of the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

The NAVs used as a practical expedient by CIVs have been provided by the investees and have been derived from the fair values of the underlying investments as of the respective reporting dates. The following table summarizes the nature of these investments and any related liquidation restrictions or other factors, which may impact the ultimate value realized:

		Fair	r Value De	term	ined	Using NAV	As of June 3	30, 2019
Category of Investment	Investment Strategy	June	30, 2019		Ma	arch 31, 2019	Unfunded i¿ Commitments	Remaining Term
Hedge funds	Global macro, fixed income, long/short equity, systematic, emerging market, U.S. and European hedge	\$	11,972	(1)	\$	12,547	n/a	n/a

n/a - not applicable

⁽¹⁾ Other represents consolidated sponsored investment products (VREs) that are not designated as CIVs.

⁽¹⁾ Redemption restrictions: 8% daily redemption; 16% monthly redemption; 70% quarterly redemption; and 6% are subject to three to five-year lock-up or side pocket provisions.

Legg Mason's carrying value and maximum risk of loss for VIEs in which Legg Mason holds a variable interest, but for which it was not the primary beneficiary, were as follows:

�		As of June	30, 2	019		As of March	h 31, 2019			
	Co	ity Interests on the nsolidated nce Sheet (1)		kimum Risk f Loss ⁽²⁾	Cor	ty Interests on the asolidated ace Sheet (1)		aximum of Loss (2)		
Real Estate Investment Trusts	\$	13,262	\$	17,054	\$	10,812	\$	15,241		
Other investment funds		28,210		34,275		25,155		45,897		
Total	\$	41,472	\$	51,329	\$	35,967	\$	61,138		

⁽¹⁾ Amounts are related to investments in proprietary and other fund products.

The Company's total AUM of unconsolidated VIEs was \$28,837,210 and \$29,025,764 as of June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, respectively.

The assets of these VIEs are primarily comprised of cash and cash equivalents and investment securities, and the liabilities are primarily comprised of various expense accruals. These VIEs were not consolidated because Legg Mason does not have both the power to direct significant economic activities of the entity and rights/obligations associated with benefits/losses that could be significant to the entity.

⁽²⁾ Includes equity investments the Company has made or is required to make and any earned but uncollected management fees.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains "i,1/2 forward-looking attements"; Within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that involve substantial risks or uncertainties. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words or phrases such as "i/2achieve;" 22 achieve; 2 ï;½expecti;½½ntention;;½½naintain;;½½pportunit;;½/2position;;½½projection;;½½projection;;;½½eeki;;½½sustain;;;½/2rendï;½ and similar expressions, or future or conditional verbs such as "i,½could"; ½mäy½½2should, "whil," "would" and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations and beliefs, and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause our actual results, performance and achievements and the timing of certain events to differ materially from the results, performance, achievements or timing discussed, projected, anticipated or indicated in any forward-looking statement. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors include, among others, information or anticipated information relating to: our expectations regarding financial market conditions, future investment performance of our affiliates, and future net client cash flows; the performance of our business, including revenues, net income, earnings per share, dividends, investments, capital expenditures, and other conditions; our expense levels; changes in our business or in the amount or composition of our client assets under management ("AUM"); the expected effects of acquisitions and other transactions and their effect on our business; changes in tax regulations and rates, including the effect on our estimated effective income tax rate; the expected costs and benefits of our ongoing strategic restructuring; and other regulatory or legislative changes.

Actual results may differ materially from those in forward-looking information as a result of various factors, some of which are beyond our control, including, but not limited to, the foregoing factors as well as those discussed under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2019. Due to such risks, uncertainties and other factors, we caution each person receiving such forward-looking information not to place undue reliance on such statements. Further, forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which such statements are made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date of any such statement or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Executive Overview

Legg Mason, Inc. is a global asset management firm that operates through nine independent asset management subsidiaries (collectively with its subsidiaries, "¿½LegMason"¿½We help investors globally to achieve better financial outcomes by expanding choice across investment strategies, vehicles and investor access through independent asset managers with diverse expertise in equity, fixed income, alternative and liquidity investments. Acting through our independent investment managers, which we often refer to as our affiliates, we deliver our investment capabilities through varied products and vehicles and via multiple points of access, including directly and through various financial intermediaries. Our investment advisory services include discretionary and non-discretionary management of separate investment accounts in numerous investment styles for institutional and individual investors. Our investment products include proprietary mutual funds ranging from money market and other liquidity products to fixed income, equity and alternative funds managed in a wide variety of investment styles. We also offer other domestic and offshore funds to both retail and institutional investors, privately placed real estate funds, hedge funds and funds-of-hedge funds. Our centralized global distribution group, Legg Mason Global Distribution, markets, distributes and supports our investment products.

Our operations are principally in the U.S. and the U.K. and we also have offices in Australia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, China, Dubai, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Singapore, Spain, Switzerland and Taiwan. Terms such as "we," "us," "our," and "Company" refer to Legg Mason.

The financial services business in which we are engaged is extremely competitive. Our competition includes numerous global, national, regional and local asset management firms, commercial banks, insurance companies, and other financial services companies. The industry continues to experience disruption and challenges, including a shift to lower-fee passively managed products, which contributes to increasing fee pressure, the increased role of technology in asset management services, the introduction of new financial products and services by our competitors, and the consolidation of financial services firms through mergers and acquisitions. The asset management industry is also subject to extensive and evolving regulation under federal, state, and foreign laws. Like most firms, we have been and will continue to be impacted by regulatory and legislative changes. Responding to these changes and keeping abreast of regulatory developments has required, and will continue to require, us to incur costs that impact our profitability.

Our financial position and results of operations are materially affected by the overall trends and conditions in the global financial markets. Results of any individual period should not be considered representative of future results.

Our revenues and net income are derived primarily from AUM and fees associated with our investment products. Accordingly, changes in global financial markets, the composition and level of AUM, net new business inflows (or outflows) and changes in the mix of investment products between asset classes and geographies may materially affect our results of operations. Our most significant operating expenses are employee compensation and benefits, of which a majority is variable in nature and includes incentive compensation, and distribution and servicing expenses, which consist primarily of fees paid to third-party distributors for selling our asset management products and services. Our profitability is sensitive to a variety of factors, including the amount and composition of our AUM, and the volatility and general level of securities prices, interest rates, and changes in currency exchange rates, among other things. Periods of unfavorable market conditions are likely to have an adverse effect on our profitability. In addition, the diversification of services, vehicles, and products offered, investment performance, access to distribution channels, reputation in the market, attraction and retention of key employees and client relations are significant factors in determining whether we are successful in attracting and retaining clients. In the last few years, the industry has seen flows into products for which we do not currently garner significant market share, including, in particular, passive products, and corresponding flows out of products in which we do have market share. For a further discussion of factors that may affect our results of operations, refer to the discussion under the heading \(\vec{i}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)Pai\(\vec{i}\)Ractors\(\vec{i}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)Pai\(\vec{i}\)Ractors\(\vec{i}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)Pai\(\vec{i}\)\(\vec{i}\)Ractors\(\vec{i}\)\(\vec{i}\)

Our strategy is to expand client choice through the diversification of our business across investment strategies, vehicles and access. We focus our strategic priorities on the four primary areas listed below. Management considers these strategic priorities when evaluating our operating performance and financial condition. Sometimes with this approach, we have also presented in the table below initiatives on which management currently focuses in evaluating our performance and financial condition.

Strategic Priorities	Initiatives
- Products	- Create an innovative portfolio of investment products and promote revenue growth by developing new products and leveraging the capabilities of our affiliates
	 Identify and execute strategic acquisitions to strengthen our affiliates and increase product offerings
- Performance	 Identify and implement opportunities to improve growth through collaboration with and across affiliates, and work with affiliates to improve efficiency across Legg Mason by combining efforts, outsourcing or working differently
- Distribution	 Continue to maintain and enhance our top tier distribution function with the capability to offer solutions to relevant investment challenges and grow market share worldwide Develop alternative and innovative distribution approaches for expanded client access
- Productivity	- Implement our strategic restructuring plan
Tioddoning	 Continue to develop and execute upon our diversity and inclusion strategy; develop business unit strategies to support the future state of work; drive digital transformation and continue to develop the enterprise data management program

When evaluating our progress on these strategic priorities, and considering initiatives to support them, we prioritize four key drivers of value creation:

- � leveraging our centralized retail distribution to drive growth;
- � capitalizing on our investments to provide investors with greater choice;
- � more effectively controlling our costs to improve profitability; and
- � thoughtfully managing our balance sheet and capital allocation.

The strategic priorities and key drivers discussed above are designed to drive improvements in our net flows, earnings, cash flows, AUM and other key metrics, including operating margin. The strategic priorities are discussed in our quarterly results discussion below.

Strategi&estructuring

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2019, we initiated a strategic restructuring to reduce costs which includes corporate and distribution functions as well as efficiency initiatives at certain smaller affiliates that operate outside of revenue-sharing arrangements. We expect to incur aggregate strategic restructuring costs in the range of \$120 million to \$140 million through March 2021. We expect the strategic restructuring will result in future annual cost savings of \$100 million or more, achieved on an annual run rate basis by the end of fiscal 2021. During the three months ended June 30, 2019, we incurred \$32.9 million, or \$0.27 per diluted share, of costs related to the strategic restructuring. See Note 15 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information. In addition, during the three months ended June 30, 2018, we incurred \$2.8 million, or \$0.02 per diluted share, of costs associated with our previous corporate restructuring plans that we do not attribute to, or include in, our strategic restructuring. During the three months ended June 30, 2019, achieved run rate savings related to the strategic restructuring totaled approximately \$10 million for cumulative savings of \$14 million since January 1, 2019.

NetIncomeAttributableoLeggMasonInc.

Net Income Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. for the three months ended June 30, 2019, was \$45.4 million, or \$0.51 per diluted share, as compared to \$66.1 million, or \$0.75 per diluted share for the three months ended June 30, 2018. In addition to the strategic restructuring costs discussed above, Net Income Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. for the three months ended June 30, 2019, included affiliate charges of \$1.2 million, or \$0.01 per diluted share, which were offset by a credit of \$1.2 million, or \$0.01 per diluted share, related to a contingent consideration fair value adjustment. The three months ended June 30, 2018, included a \$4.0 million, or \$0.05 per diluted share, regulatory charge, \$2.8 million, or \$0.02 per diluted share, of costs associated with our previous corporate restructuring plans that we do not attribute to, or include in, our strategic restructuring, and \$1.5 million, or \$0.01 per diluted share, of acquisition and transition-related costs associated with the combination of The Permal Group ("Permal") with EnTrust Capital ("EnTrust").

Although average AUM increased for the three months ended June 30, 2019 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2018, Total Operating Revenues decreased due to lower operating revenue yields and a decrease in performance fees, as further discussed below.

The following discussion and analysis provides additional information regarding our financial condition and results of operations.

Business Environment

Despite volatility during the three months ended June 30, 2019, U.S. equity markets posted strong returns during the quarter. U.S. equity markets continued to rally through April, but renewed focus on trade tensions between the U.S. and Mexico and China and increasing signs of a slowing global economy sent markets lower in May. In June, however, markets rebounded, when the U.S. Federal Reserve left the target federal funds rate unchanged at 2.50% and signaled potential interest rate reductions in the coming months. With the exception of energy, all sectors recorded gains for the quarter, led by financials, materials and technology. Developed international equity markets also recorded gains during a volatile quarter, driven by more accommodative central banks and signs of progress in the trade disputes between the U.S. and China. Emerging equity markets also increased during the quarter, as central banks worldwide generally kept interest rates steady and/or signaled future interest rate cuts.

Global bond markets also recorded positive returns for the quarter. The 10-year U.S. treasury yield declined, and other maturities also saw significant yield declines, as the U.S. Federal Reserve Board signaled potential future interest rate reductions, citing increased economic uncertainty. Similar to U.S. treasuries, non-U.S. developed market government bond yields also declined, driven by trade uncertainties and slowing economic growth. The major central banks also left interest rates unchanged. Investment-grade and high yield corporate bonds recorded positive returns, driven by strong demand and momentum in the stock market.

The following table summarizes the returns for various major market indices:

% Change for the Three Months Ended $\ddot{i}_{\dot{\ell}}$ June 30,

16/2	Julie 30,					
Indices ⁽¹⁾	2019	2018				
Dow Jones Industrial Average ⁽²⁾	2.6%	0.7 %				
S&P 500 ⁽²⁾	3.8%	2.9 %				
Nasdaq Composite Index ⁽²⁾	3.6%	6.3 %				
Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.1%	(0.2)%				
Barclays Capital Global Aggregate Bond Index	3.3%	(2.8)%				

⁽¹⁾ Indices are trademarks of Dow Jones & Company, McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc., and Barclays Capital, respectively, which are not affiliated with Legg Mason.

In addition to these factors, our industry continues to be impacted by the generally low growth and mixed return environment, with continued migration from active to passive strategies. Together with continuing regulatory changes, these factors continue to put pressure on fees, contributing to the consolidation of products and managers on distribution platforms. These factors also continue to create significant flow challenges for active managers like ourselves.

While the economic outlook for the U.S. has remained positive in recent years, it has been impacted by increased uncertainty. This uncertainty has led to increased volatility in the U.S. and international equity and bond markets. The volatility of the markets highlights the importance of a strong investment strategy. The financial environment in which we operate continues to reflect a heightened level of sensitivity and continued pressure on our fees, as discussed above.

⁽²⁾ Excludes the impact of the reinvestment of dividends and stock splits.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2019, Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2018

Assets Under Management

Our AUM is primarily managed across the following asset classes:

Equity	Fixed Income	Alternative	Liquidity
- Large Cap Growth	- U.S. Intermediate Investment Grade	- Real Estate	- U.S. Managed Cash
- Equity Income	- U.S. Long Duration	- Hedge Funds	- U.S. Municipal Cash
- All Cap Growth	- Global Opportunistic Fixed Income	- Listed	
- Large Cap Value	- U.S. Credit Aggregate	Infrastructure	
- International Equity	- Global Fixed Income		
- Small Cap Core	- Liability Driven		
- Large Cap Core	- U.S. Municipal		
- All Cap Value	- Global Sovereign		
- Small Cap Value	- Non-Traditional Bond		
- Small Cap Growth	- High Yield		
- Mid Cap Core	- Global Government		
- Small/Mid Cap	- U.S. Limited Duration		
- Emerging Markets Equity	- Intermediate		
- Global Equity	- Emerging Markets Debt		
- Small Cap International			
- Mid Cap Growth			

The components of the changes in our AUM (in billions) were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,						
�	 2019	2018					
Beginning of period	\$ 758.0 \$	754.1					
Net client cash flows:							
Investment funds, excluding liquidity products (1):		Ϊį					
Subscriptions	17.9	13.9					
Redemptions	(16.1)	(16.2)					
Long-term separate account flows, net	(0.7)	1.4					
Total long-term flows	 1.1	(0.9)					
Liquidity fund flows, net	(2.1)	(0.9)					
Liquidity separate account flows, net	0.5	(2.0)					
Total liquidity flows	 (1.6)	(2.9)					
Total net client cash flows	 (0.5)	(3.8)					
Realizations ⁽²⁾	(0.4)	(0.3)					
Market performance and other ⁽³⁾	21.9	1.1					
Impact of foreign exchange	0.6	(6.5)					
Acquisition	0.6	�					
End of period	\$ 780.2 \$	744.6					

⁽¹⁾ Subscriptions and redemptions reflect the gross activity in the funds and include assets transferred between funds and between share classes.

⁽²⁾ Realizations represent investment manager-driven distributions primarily related to the sale of assets. Realizations are specific to our alternative managers and do not include client-driven distributions (e.g., client requested redemptions, liquidations or asset transfers).

⁽³⁾ Other primarily includes the reinvestment of dividends.

AUM at June 30, 2019 was \$780.2 billion, an increase of \$22.2�billiœr,3%, from March 31, 2019. Total net client outflows were \$0.5 billion, with \$1.6 billion of net client outflows from the liquidity asset class, which were offset in part by \$1.1 billion of net client inflows into long-term asset classes. Long-term asset net inflows were comprised of fixed income net inflows of \$3.9 billion and alternative net inflows of \$0.8 billion, offset in part by equity net outflows of \$3.6 billion. Fixed income net inflows were primarily in products managed by Western Asset Management Company ("Western Asset") and Brandywine Global Investment Management ("Brandywine"). Alternative net inflows were in products managed by Clarion Partners and EnTrust Global, offset in part by net outflows from products managed by RARE Infrastructure. Equity net outflows were primarily in products managed by ClearBridge Investments ("ClearBridge"), Royce & Associates ("Royce"), Martin Currie, Brandywine and QS Investors. In general, we earn higher fees and profits per dollar of alternative and equity AUM, and outflows in those asset classes more negatively impact our revenues and Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. than do outflows in the fixed income and liquidity asset classes. The positive impact of market performance and other was \$21.9 billion.

Our net client cash flows also reflect the significant industry-wide flow pressure for active managers of equity and fixed income assets discussed above under the heading "Business Environment".

AUM by AssetClass

AUM by asset class (in billions) was as follows:

Three months ended June 30,	2	2019	% of Total	2018	% of Total	% Change
Equity	\$	205.6	26%	\$ 206.4	28%	�%
Fixed income		438.0	56	412.3	55	6
Alternative		70.1	9	66.4	9	6
Total long-term assets		713.7	91	685.1	92	4
Liquidity		66.5	9	59.5	8	12
Total	\$	780.2	100%	\$ 744.6	100%	5 %

Average AUM by asset class (in billions) was as follows:

Three months ended June 30,	2019	% of Total	2018	% of Total	% Change
Equity	\$ 202.7	26%	\$ 205.0	27%	(1)%
Fixed income	427.0	56	416.7	56	2
Alternative	69.3	9	66.0	9	5
Total long-term assets	699.0	91	687.7	92	2
Liquidity	66.9	9	61.8	8	8
Total	\$ 765.9	100%	\$ 749.5	100%	2 %

The component changes in our AUM by asset class (in billions) were as follows:

	Fixed		Total		
Equity	Income	Alternative	Long-Term	Liquidity	Total
\$ 202.0	\$ 419.6	\$ 68.6	\$ 690.2	\$ 67.8	\$ 758.0
ï	i,¹⁄2 ï,	,1/2		ïį	i,½ ï;½
7.1	9.4	1.4	17.9	�	17.9
(8.9)	(6.4)	(0.8)	(16.1)	�2	(16.1)
(1.8)	0.9	0.2	(0.7)	0.5	(0.2)
�	�2	�2	�	(2.1)	(2.1)
(3.6)	3.9	0.8	1.1	(1.6)	(0.5)
�	�2	(0.4)	(0.4)	�2	(0.4)
7.2	13.9	0.5	21.6	0.3	21.9
�	0.6	�2	0.6	�2	0.6
�	<u>"/2</u>	0.6	0.6	�	0.6
\$ 205.6	\$ 438.0	\$ 70.1	\$ 713.7	\$ 66.5	\$ 780.2
	7.1 (8.9) (1.8) 1 i l/2 (3.6) 1 i l/2 7.2 1 i l/2 1 i l/2	Equity Income \$ 202.0 \$ 419.6 $\ddot{i}_{c}^{1/2}$ $\ddot{i}_{c}^{2/2}$ 7.1 9.4 (8.9) (6.4) (1.8) 0.9 $\ddot{i}_{c}^{1/2}$ $\ddot{i}_{c}^{1/2}$ (3.6) 3.9 $\ddot{i}_{c}^{1/2}$ $\ddot{i}_{c}^{1/2}$ 7.2 13.9 $\ddot{i}_{c}^{1/2}$ 0.6 $\ddot{i}_{c}^{1/2}$ $\ddot{i}_{c}^{1/2}$	Equity Income Alternative \$ 202.0 \$ 419.6 \$ 68.6 $\ddot{i}_{\zeta}^{1/2}$ $\ddot{i}_{\zeta}^{1/2}$ 7.1 9.4 1.4 (8.9) (6.4) (0.8) (1.8) 0.9 0.2 $\ddot{i}_{\zeta}^{1/2}$ $\ddot{i}_{\zeta}^{1/2}$ $\ddot{i}_{\zeta}^{1/2}$ (3.6) 3.9 0.8 $\ddot{i}_{\zeta}^{1/2}$ $\ddot{i}_{\zeta}^{1/2}$ (0.4) 7.2 13.9 0.5 $\ddot{i}_{\zeta}^{1/2}$ 0.6 $\ddot{i}_{\zeta}^{1/2}$ $\ddot{i}_{\zeta}^{1/2}$ $\ddot{i}_{\zeta}^{1/2}$ 0.6	Equity Income Alternative Long-Term \$ 202.0 \$ 419.6 \$ 68.6 \$ 690.2 $\ddot{i}_{\zeta} \frac{1}{2}$ $\ddot{i}_{\zeta} \frac{1}{2}$ 1.4 17.9 (8.9) (6.4) (0.8) (16.1) (1.8) 0.9 0.2 (0.7) $\ddot{i}_{\zeta} \frac{1}{2}$ $\ddot{i}_{\zeta} \frac{1}{2}$ $\ddot{i}_{\zeta} \frac{1}{2}$ $\ddot{i}_{\zeta} \frac{1}{2}$ (3.6) 3.9 0.8 1.1 $\ddot{i}_{\zeta} \frac{1}{2}$ $\ddot{i}_{\zeta} \frac{1}{2}$ (0.4) (0.4) 7.2 13.9 0.5 21.6 $\ddot{i}_{\zeta} \frac{1}{2}$ 0.6 $\ddot{i}_{\zeta} \frac{1}{2}$ 0.6 $\ddot{i}_{\zeta} \frac{1}{2}$ $\ddot{i}_{\zeta} \frac{1}{2}$ 0.6 0.6	Equity Income Alternative Long-Term Liquidity \$ 202.0 \$ 419.6 \$ 68.6 \$ 690.2 \$ 67.8 $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ 7.1 9.4 1.4 17.9 $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ (8.9) (6.4) (0.8) (16.1) $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ (1.8) 0.9 0.2 (0.7) 0.5 $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ (2.1) (3.6) 3.9 0.8 1.1 (1.6) $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ (0.4) (0.4) $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ 7.2 13.9 0.5 21.6 0.3 $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ 0.6 $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$ 0.6 $\vec{i}_{\vec{i}} \frac{1}{2}$

⁽¹⁾ Subscriptions and redemptions reflect the gross activity in the funds and include assets transferred between funds and between share classes.

⁽³⁾ Other primarily includes the reinvestment of dividends.

		Fixed		Total		
�	Equity	Income	Alternative	Long-Term	Liquidity	Total
March 31, 2018	\$ 203.0	\$ 422.3	\$ 66.1	\$ 691.4	\$ 62.7	\$ 754.1
Investment funds, excluding liquidity funds ⁽¹⁾ :	jΪ	½ ï¿	,1/2			�
Subscriptions	5.0	7.8	1.1	13.9	�	13.9
Redemptions	(6.7)	(8.1)	(1.4)	(16.2)	�2	(16.2)
Separate account flows, net	(0.5)	1.6	0.3	1.4	(2.0)	(0.6)
Liquidity fund flows, net	�	�	⁄	í¿½ i;½	(0.9)	(0.9)
Net client cash flows	(2.2)	1.3	⁄	(0.9)	(2.9)	(3.8)
Realizations ⁽²⁾	�	�	(0.3)	(0.3)	�2	(0.3)
Market performance and other (3)	6.7	(6.7)	0.8	0.8	0.3	1.1
Impact of foreign exchange	(1.1)	(4.6)	(0.2)	(5.9)	(0.6)	(6.5)
June 30, 2018	\$ 206.4	\$ 412.3	\$ 66.4	\$ 685.1	\$ 59.5	\$ 744.6

⁽¹⁾ Subscriptions and redemptions reflect the gross activity in the funds and include assets transferred between funds and between share classes.

⁽²⁾ Realizations represent investment manager-driven distributions primarily related to the sale of assets. Realizations are specific to our alternative managers and do not include client-driven distributions (e.g., client requested redemptions, liquidations or asset transfers).

⁽²⁾ Realizations represent investment manager-driven distributions primarily related to the sale of assets. Realizations are specific to our alternative managers and do not include client-driven distributions (e.g., client requested redemptions, liquidations or asset transfers).

⁽³⁾ Other primarily includes the reinvestment of dividends.

AUM by Distribution Channel

Broadly, we have two principal distribution channels, Global Distribution and Affiliate/Other, through which we sell a variety of investment products and services. Global Distribution, which consists of our centralized global distribution operations, principally sells U.S. and international mutual funds and other commingled vehicles, retail separately managed account programs, and sub-advisory accounts for insurance companies and similar clients. Affiliate/Other consists of the distribution operations within our asset managers, which principally sell institutional separate account management, liquidity (money market) funds, real estate and other privately placed investment funds, and funds-of-hedge funds.

The component changes in our AUM by distribution channel (in billions):

	Global Distribution			liate/Other	Total	
March 31, 2019	\$	339.3	\$	418.7	\$	758.0
Net client cash flows, excluding liquidity funds		4.0		(2.4)		1.6
Liquidity fund flows, net		�		(2.1)		(2.1)
Net client cash flows		4.0		(4.5)		(0.5)
Realizations ⁽¹⁾		�		(0.4)		(0.4)
Market performance and other ⁽²⁾		11.1		10.8		21.9
Impact of foreign exchange		0.3		0.3		0.6
Acquisition		�		0.6		0.6
June 30, 2019	\$	354.7	\$	425.5	\$	780.2

⁽¹⁾ Realizations represent investment manager-driven distributions primarily related to the sale of assets. Realizations are specific to our alternative managers and do not include client-driven distributions (e.g., client requested redemptions, liquidations or asset transfers).

⁽²⁾ Other primarily includes the reinvestment of dividends.

	Global Distribution A		Affil	Affiliate/Other		Total
March 31, 2018	\$	333.5	\$	420.6	\$	754.1
Net client cash flows, excluding liquidity funds		0.1		(3.0)		(2.9)
Liquidity fund flows, net		�		(0.9)		(0.9)
Net client cash flows		0.1		(3.9)		(3.8)
Realizations ⁽¹⁾		�		(0.3)		(0.3)
Market performance and other ⁽²⁾		4.0		(2.9)		1.1
Impact of foreign exchange		(2.3)		(4.2)		(6.5)
June 30, 2018	\$	335.3	\$	409.3	\$	744.6

⁽¹⁾ Realizations represent investment manager-driven distributions primarily related to the sale of assets. Realizations are specific to our alternative managers and do not include client-driven distributions (e.g., client requested redemptions, liquidations or asset transfers).

⁽²⁾ Other primarily includes the reinvestment of dividends.

OperatindRevenueYield

We calculate operating revenue yields as the ratio of annualized total operating revenues, less performance fees, to average AUM. Our overall operating revenue yield, less performance fees, across all asset classes and distribution channels was 37 basis points ("bps") and 39 basis points, for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Our operating revenue yields by asset class and distribution channel were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					
	2019	2018				
Asset Class:						
Equity	58 bps	61 bps				
Fixed Income	26 bps	28 bps				
Alternative	60 bps	63 bps				
Liquidity	14 bps	13 bps				
Total	37 bps	39 bps				
Distribution Channel:						
Global Distribution	41 bps	43 bps				
Affiliate/Other	33 bps	35 bps				

The operating revenue yields for managing equity, alternative, and fixed income assets declined over the last year due to a shift in the mix of assets from higher fee to lower fee products.

Equity assets are primarily managed by ClearBridge, Royce, Brandywine, QS Investors and Martin Currie; alternative assets are managed by Clarion Partners, EnTrust Global and RARE Infrastructure; fixed income assets are primarily managed by Western Asset and Brandywine; and liquidity assets are managed by Western Asset. Assets distributed through Legg Mason Global Distribution are predominately retail in nature.

Investmen Performance

For a discussion of market conditions during the three months ended June 30, 2019, see "Business Environment".

The following table presents a summary of the percentages of our AUM by strategy⁽¹⁾ that outpaced their respective benchmarks for the trailing 1-year, 3-year, 5-year, and 10-year periods:

	As of June 30, 2019				1	As of June	30, 2018	
	1-year	3-year	5-year	10-year	1-year	3-year	5-year	10-year
Total (includes liquidity)	70%	78%	79%	85%	56%	69%	73%	84%
Equity:								
Large cap	60%	49%	65%	50%	18%	34%	35%	77%
Small cap	74%	68%	40%	42%	32%	62%	32%	44%
Total equity (includes other equity)	61%	56%	48%	52%	25%	41%	38%	72%
Fixed income:								
U.S. taxable	94%	96%	92%	96%	88%	88%	88%	89%
U.S. tax-exempt (includes only	001	1000/	1000/	1000/	1000/	1000/	1000/	1000/
one strategy)	0%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Global taxable	26%	73%	67%	93%	13%	52%	70%	87%
Total fixed income	69%	89%	84%	96%	64%	77%	83%	89%
Alternative	98%	84%	98%	99%	65%	68%	91%	59%

The following table presents a summary of the percentages of our U.S. mutual fund assets⁽²⁾ that outpaced their Lipper category averages⁽²⁾ for the trailing 1-year, 3-year, 5-year, and 10-year periods:

	As of June 30, 2019					As of June	30, 2018	
	1-year	3-year	5-year	10-year	1-year	3-year	5-year	10-year
Total (excludes liquidity)	72%	66%	72%	68%	30%	64%	60%	59%
Equity:								
Large cap	70%	42%	70%	53%	5%	53%	43%	41%
Small cap	75%	76%	76%	50%	66%	80%	44%	44%
Total equity (includes other equity)	72%	51%	72%	50%	24%	58%	44%	42%
Fixed income:								
U.S. taxable	93%	95%	91%	93%	35%	90%	88%	86%
U.S. tax-exempt	10%	28%	24%	54%	64%	18%	52%	59%
Global taxable	41%	76%	32%	82%	8%	56%	65%	80%
Total fixed income	73%	81%	73%	84%	37%	71%	77%	78%
Alternative (includes only three funds)	18%	24%	0%	87%	13%	0%	100%	n/a

n/a - not applicable

(1) For purposes of investment performance comparisons, strategies are an aggregation of portfolios (separate accounts, investment funds, and other products) into a single group that represents a particular investment objective. In the case of separate accounts, the investment performance of the account is based upon the performance of the strategy to which the account has been assigned. Each of our asset managers has its own specific guidelines for including portfolios in their strategies. For those managers which manage both separate accounts and investment funds in the same strategy, the performance comparison for all of the assets is based upon the performance of the separate account.

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, approximately 89% and 88%, respectively, of total AUM is included in strategy AUM, although not all strategies have 3-, 5-, and 10-year histories. i¿Total strategy AUM includes liquidity assets. Certain assets are not included in reported performance comparisons. These include: accounts that are not managed in accordance with the guidelines outlined above; accounts in strategies not marketed to potential clients; accounts that have not yet been assigned to a strategy; and certain smaller products at some of our affiliates.

Past performance is not indicative of future results. For AUM included in institutional and retail separate accounts and investment funds managed in the same strategy as separate accounts, performance comparisons are based on gross-of-fee performance. For investment funds which are not managed in a separate account format, performance comparisons are based on net-of-fee performance. Funds-of-hedge funds generally do not have specified benchmarks. For purposes of this comparison, performance of those products is net of fees, and is compared to the relevant HFRX Index. These performance comparisons do not reflect the actual performance of any specific separate account or investment fund; individual separate account and investment fund performance may differ.

(2) Source: Lipperi¿½Inincludes open-end, closed-end, and variable annuity funds. As of both June 30, 2019 and 2018, the U.S. long-term mutual fund assets represented in the data accounted for 18% of our total AUM. The performance of our U.S. long-term mutual fund assets is included in the strategies.

Results of Operations

In accordance with financial accounting standards on consolidation, we consolidate and separately identify amounts relating to certain sponsored investment products. The consolidation of these investment products has no impact on Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. and does not have a material impact on our consolidated operating results. To the extent we have an investment in a consolidated investment product, the related gains and losses will impact Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. See Note 16 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the consolidation of investment products.

OperatingRevenues

The components of Total Operating Revenues (in millions), and the dollar and percentage changes between periods were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,								
		2019	2018		\$ Change		% Change		
Investment advisory fees:									
Separate accounts	\$	260.5	\$	259.9	\$	0.6	⁄2%		
Funds		366.8		383.6		(16.8)	(4)		
Performance fees		6.9		24.0		(17.1)	(71)		
Distribution and service fees		69.9		79.2		(9.3)	(12)		
Other		1.3		1.2		0.1	8		
Total Operating Revenues	\$	705.4	\$	747.9	\$	(42.5)	(6)%		

Total Operating Revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2019, decreased \$42.5 million, or 6%, to \$705.4 million, as compared to \$747.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, primarily due to a reduction in our operating revenue yield from 39 basis points for the three months ended June 30, 2018, to 37 basis points for the three months ended June 30, 2019, and a \$17.1 million decrease in performance fees, \$5.5 million of which was in performance fees that were not passed through as compensation expense, as further discussed below.

Investment advisory fees from separate accounts remained relatively flat at \$260.5 million, as compared to \$259.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, as increases of \$2.7 million, primarily due to higher average equity assets managed by ClearBridge, and \$2.2 million primarily due to higher average fixed income assets managed at Western Asset and Brandywine, were substantially offset by decreases of \$2.9 million, due to lower average equity assets managed by QS Investors and Brandywine, as well as a reduction in the average fee rates earned on those assets, and \$1.8 million, primarily due a reduction in the average fee rates earned on alternative assets managed by EnTrust Global and RARE Infrastructure.

Investment advisory fees from funds decreased \$16.8 million, or 4%, to \$366.8 million, as compared to \$383.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018. Of this decrease, \$12.6 million was due to lower average equity assets managed at Royce and Martin Currie, as well as a reduction in the average fee rates earned on those assets, \$5.1 million was primarily due to lower average alternative assets managed at EnTrust Global, and \$6.6 million was primarily due to a reduction in the average fee rates earned on assets managed by Western Asset and Brandywine, as well as lower fixed income assets managed by Brandywine. These decreases were offset in part by an increase of \$8.6 million primarily due to higher average alternative assets managed by Clarion Partners.

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, approximately 12% and 11%, respectively, of our long-term average AUM was in accounts that were eligible to earn performance fees at some point during the respective fiscal year. Performance fees earned by Clarion Partners on assets invested with them prior to the acquisition closing in April 2016 are fully passed through to the Clarion Partners management team, per the terms of the acquisition agreement, and recorded as compensation expense, and therefore have no impact on Net Income Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. We expect the full pass through of performance fees at Clarion Partners to phase out by fiscal 2022. Excluding AUM eligible to earn pass through performance fees, approximately 7% of our long-term average AUM was in accounts that were performance fee eligible as of both June 30, 2019 and 2018. During the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, approximately 17% and 19%, respectively, of non-pass through performance-fee eligible AUM earned a performance fee.

Investment advisory performance fees decreased \$17.1 million, or 71%, to \$6.9 million, as compared to \$24.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, driven by an \$11.6 million decrease in pass through performance fees. Performance fees which were not passed through as compensation expense also decreased \$5.5 million, primarily at Clarion Partners, Martin Currie, and EnTrust Global.

Distribution and service fees decreased \$9.3 million, or 12%, to \$69.9 million, as compared to \$79.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, primarily due to a reduction in the average fee rate earned on mutual fund AUM subject to distribution and service fees and a decrease in such average AUM.

OperatingExpenses

The components of Total Operating Expenses (in millions), and the dollar and percentage changes between periods were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,							
		2019		2018	(\$ Change	% Change	
Compensation and benefits	\$	379.8	\$	361.6	\$	18.2	5 %	
Distribution and servicing		103.9		116.6		(12.7)	(11)	
Communications and technology		55.3		56.7		(1.4)	(2)	
Occupancy		25.6		24.9		0.7	3	
Amortization of intangible assets		5.5		6.2		(0.7)	(11)	
Contingent consideration fair value adjustments		(1.2)		0.4		(1.6)	n/m	
Other		52.5		55.8		(3.3)	(6)	
Total Operating Expenses	\$	621.4	\$	622.2	\$	(0.8)	⁄2%	
·								

n/m - not meaningful

Operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, incurred at the investment management affiliate level represented approximately 70% of total operating expenses in each period. The remaining operating expenses are corporate costs, including costs of our global distribution operations.

The components of Compensation and benefits (in millions), and the dollar and percentage changes between periods were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,							
	2019		2018		\$ Change		% Change	
Salaries and incentives	\$	245.7	\$	257.3	\$	(11.6)	(5)%	
Benefits and payroll taxes (including deferred compensation)		96.2		89.5		6.7	7	
Strategic restructuring		28.7		2⁄ ¹ ئï		28.7	n/m	
Affiliate charges		1.2		∕2		1.2	n/m	
Acquisition and transition-related costs		∕2		0.9		(0.9)	n/m	
Performance fee pass through		1.0		12.6		(11.6)	(92)	
Gains on deferred compensation and seed capital investments		7.0		1.3		5.7	n/m	
Compensation and benefits	\$	379.8	\$	361.6	\$	18.2	5 %	

n/m - not meaningful

Compensation and benefits increased 5% to \$379.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to \$361.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018.

- � Salaries and incentives decreased \$11.6 million, to \$245.7 million, as compared to \$257.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The decrease was primarily due to a \$12.3 million reduction in net compensation at investment affiliates, driven by a decrease in operating revenues at certain revenue share-based affiliates, which typically creates a corresponding decrease in compensation per the applicable revenue share agreements, as well as an increase in other operating expenses at certain revenue-share based affiliates, which typically creates an offsetting decrease in compensation expense.
- � Benefits and payroll taxes increased \$6.7 million, to \$96.2 million, as compared to \$89.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, primarily due to the acceleration of deferred compensation awards for retirement-eligible employees.
- � Strategic restructuring costs of \$28.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019, were primarily comprised of employee termination benefit costs, including severance and the acceleration of deferred compensation awards. See Note 15 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.
- � Affiliate charges of \$1.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019, were comprised of severance costs associated with restructuring plans at certain affiliates.

Compensation as a percentage of operating revenues increased to 53.8%, as compared to 48.3% for the three months ended June 30, 2018, primarily due to costs incurred in connection with our strategic restructuring.

Distribution and servicing expense decreased \$12.7 million, or 11%, to \$103.9 million, as compared to \$116.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, primarily due to a reduction in average fee rates paid on certain products for which we pay fees to third-party distributors, as well as lower average AUM in those products.

Communications and technology expense decreased \$1.4 million, or 2%, to \$55.3 million, as compared to \$56.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, primarily due to savings associated with our strategic restructuring.

Contingent consideration fair value adjustments for the three months ended June 30, 2019 included a credit of \$1.2 million, which reduced the contingent consideration liability associated with a small acquisition completed in December 2017, and for the three months ended June 30, 2018 included an expense of \$0.4 million, which increased the contingent consideration liability associated with the acquisition of QS Investors.

Other expense decreased \$3.3 million, or 6%, to \$52.5 million, as compared to \$55.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, primarily due to approximately \$6 million of savings associated with our strategic restructuring and a \$4.0 million charge recognized in the prior year period for a regulatory matter. These decreases were offset in part by a \$4.5 million increase in professional fees and \$2.9 million of foreign exchange losses.

Non-Operatin@ncome(Expense)

The components of Total Non-Operating Income (Expense) (in millions), and the dollar and percentage changes between periods were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,						
		2019		2018	(\$ Change	% Change
Interest income	\$	4.0	\$	2.4	\$	1.6	67 %
Interest expense		(28.5)		(29.9)		1.4	(5)
Other income (expense), net		10.6		7.3		3.3	45
Non-operating income (expense) of consolidated investment vehicles, net		9.6		3.6		6.0	n/m
Total Non-Operating Income (Expense)	\$	(4.3)	\$	(16.6)	\$	12.3	(74)%

n/m - not meaningful

Other income (expense), net, totaled income of \$10.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to income of \$7.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The three months ended June 30, 2019, included net market gains of \$7.0 million on seed capital investments and assets invested for deferred compensation plans, which were offset by a corresponding increase in compensation expense, and net market gains on corporate investments not offset in compensation of \$3.1 million. The three months ended June 30, 2018, included net market gains on corporate investments not offset in compensation of \$5.8 million and net market gains of \$1.3 million on seed capital investments and assets invested for deferred compensation plans, which were offset by a corresponding increase in compensation expense.

Non-operating income (expense) of consolidated investment vehicles ("CIVs"), net, totaled income of \$9.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to income of \$3.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The change was due to activity of the CIVs during the respective periods. See Note 16 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the consolidation of sponsored investment vehicles and net market gains on investments of certain CIVs.

IncomeTax Provision

The income tax provision was \$18.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to \$30.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The effective tax rate was 22.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to 28.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2019, reflects a benefit of \$4.1 million resulting from the settlement of a prior year audit, discrete tax expense of \$1.8 million recognized for vested stock awards with a grant date exercise price higher than the vesting date stock prices, and an increase in valuation allowances with respect to deferred tax assets of \$0.6 million, which together decreased the effective tax rate by 2.1 percentage points. For the three months ended June 30, 2018, discrete tax expense of \$0.5 million was also recognized for vested stock awards with a grant date exercise price higher than the vesting date stock prices and \$0.6 million was recognized for the state of Maryland law change from a three-factor apportionment factor to a single sales apportionment factor, which together increased the effective tax rate by 1.0 percentage point.

CIVs and other consolidated sponsored investment products reduced the effective tax rate by 2.0 percentage points and 0.7 percentage points for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

NetIncomeAttributableoLeggMason,Inc. and OperatingMargin

Net Income Attributable to Legg Mason, it has been share, as compared to \$66.1 million, or \$0.75 per diluted share, for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The three months ended June 30, 2019, included strategic restructuring costs of \$32.9 million, or \$0.27 per diluted share, and affiliate charges of \$1.2 million, or \$0.01 per diluted share. These items were offset in part by a credit of \$1.2 million, or \$0.01 per diluted share, related to the previously discussed contingent consideration fair value adjustment. The three months ended June 30, 2018, included a regulatory charge of \$4.0 million, or \$0.05 per diluted share, \$2.8 million, or \$0.02 per diluted share, of costs associated with our previous corporate restructuring plans, and \$1.5 million, or \$0.01 per diluted share, of transition-related costs associated with the combination of Permal with EnTrust. In addition to these factors, the decrease in Net Income Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. was driven by lower operating revenue yields and a decrease in performance fees that were not passed through as compensation expense.

Operating margin was 11.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to 16.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2018, reflecting the strategic restructuring costs discussed above for the three months ended June 30, 2019.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2019, Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2019

Net Income Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. for the three months ended June 30, 2019, was \$45.4 million, or \$0.51 per diluted share, as compared to \$49.5 million, or \$0.56 per diluted share, for the three months ended March 31, 2019. As previously discussed, the three months ended June 30, 2019, included strategic restructuring costs of \$32.9 million, or \$0.27 per diluted share, and affiliate charges of \$1.2 million, or \$0.01 per diluted share, which were offset in part by a credit of \$1.2 million, or \$0.01 per diluted share, related to the previously discussed contingent consideration fair value adjustment. The three months ended March 31, 2019, included strategic restructuring costs of \$9.4 million, or \$0.08 per diluted share, and affiliate charges of \$9.3 million, or \$0.06 per diluted share. The affiliate charges in the three months ended March 31, 2019, were comprised of \$6.9 million of charges for restructuring at certain affiliates, primarily severance, and Royce management equity plan charges of \$2.4 million. In addition to the net impact of the factors above, the change in Net Income Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. reflects the impact of an increase in average long-term AUM and one additional day in the quarter ended June 30, 2019.

Operating revenues increased to \$705.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019, from \$692.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019. The increase in operating revenues was primarily due to a \$24.7 million increase in investment advisory fees from separate accounts and funds, reflecting higher average AUM and one additional day in the quarter ended June 30, 2019. This increase was offset in part by a \$9.5 million decrease in performance fees, \$5.6 million of which was in performance fees that were not passed through as compensation expense.

Total operating expenses were \$621.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to \$614.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019. The increase in operating expenses was primarily due to a \$24.2 million increase in compensation and benefits, driven by an increase in strategic restructuring costs, the impact of higher revenues, seasonal factors including accelerated deferred compensation for retirement-eligible employees, and an increase in incentive based compensation at certain revenue-share based affiliates as a result of lower other operating expenses. These increases in compensation expense were offset in part by lower net market gains on seed capital investments and assets invested for deferred compensation plans, which were offset by a corresponding amount in non-operating income (expense), net. The overall increase in compensation and benefits was offset in part by a \$14.8 million decrease in other operating expense largely due to the impact of savings related to our strategic restructuring and lower corporate and strategic restructuring costs. Occupancy expense also decreased \$3.3 million due to strategic restructuring costs recognized in the prior quarter.

Non-operating expense, net, was \$4.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to \$2.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019. The three months ended June 30, 2019, included net market gains of \$7.0 million on seed capital investments and assets invested for deferred compensation plans, which were offset by a corresponding decrease in compensation expense, and net market gains on corporate investments not offset in compensation of \$3.1 million. The three months ended March 31, 2019, included net market gains of \$16.0 million on seed capital investments and assets invested for deferred compensation plans, which were offset by a corresponding increase in compensation expense, and \$10.2 million in net market gains on corporate investments not offset in compensation. Non-operating income (expense), net, of CIVs was income of \$9.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019, compared to expense of \$2.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019.

Operating margin was 11.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to 11.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2019, with both periods reflecting the impact of the strategic restructuring costs, and the three months ended March 31, 2019, reflecting the affiliate charges discussed above.

Supplemental Non-GAAP Financial Information

As supplemental information, we are providing performance measures for "Adjusted Net Income", "Adjusted Earnings Per Diluted Share" ("Adjusted EPS") and "¿Adjust@perating Margin"; Along with an liquidity measure for "Adjusted EBITDA", each of which are based on methodologies other than generally accepted accounting principles ("non-GAAP"). Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted EPS are new disclosures implemented this quarter and are further described below. Also beginning with the quarter ended June 30, 2019, we are disclosing Adjusted Operating Margin, which revises our prior disclosure of Operating Margin, as Adjusted, to include adjustments for restructuring costs and acquisition expenses and transition-related

costs for integration activities, each of which is further described below. We have applied these new disclosures and changes to all periods presented.

Our management uses the performance measures as benchmarks to evaluate and compare our period-to-period operating performance. We believe that these performance measures provide useful information about the operating results of our core asset management business and facilitate comparison of our results to other asset management firms and period-to-period results. We are also providing a non-GAAP liquidity measure for Adjusted EBITDA, which our management uses as a benchmark in evaluating and comparing our period-to-period liquidity. We believe that this measure is useful to investors as it provides additional information with regard to our ability to meet working capital requirements, service our debt, and return capital to our stockholders.

AdjustedNetIncomeandAdjuste&arningsperDilutedShare

Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted EPS only include adjustments for certain items that relate to operating performance, and therefore, are most readily reconcilable to Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. and Net Income (Loss) per Diluted Share Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. Shareholders, determined under generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), respectively.

We define Adjusted Net Income as Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. adjusted to exclude the following:

� Restructuring costs, including:

Corporate charges related to the ongoing strategic restructuring and other cost saving and business initiatives, including severance, lease and other costs; and

Affiliate charges, including affiliate restructuring and severance costs, and certain one-time charges arising from the issuance of management equity plan awards

- ï¿⅓ Amortization of intangible assets
- ϊζ/2 Gains and losses on seed and other investments that are not offset by compensation or hedges
- � Acquisition expenses and transition-related costs for integration activities, including certain related professional fees and costs associated with the transition and acquisition of acquired businesses
- � Impairments of intangible assets
- � Contingent consideration fair value adjustments
- � Charges (credits) related to significant litigation or regulatory matters
- � Income tax expense (benefit) adjustments to provide an effective non-GAAP tax rate commensurate with our expected annual pre-tax Adjusted Net Income, including:

The impact on income tax expense (benefit) of the above non-GAAP adjustments; and

Other tax items, including deferred tax asset and liability adjustments associated with statutory rate changes, the impact of other aspects of recent U.S. tax reform, and shortfalls (and windfalls) associated with stock-based compensation

Adjustments for restructuring costs, gains and losses on seed and other investments that are not offset by compensation or hedges, and the income tax expense (benefit) items described above are included in the calculation because these items are not reflective of our core asset management business of providing investment management and related products and services. We adjust for acquisition-related items, including amortization of intangible assets, impairments of intangible assets, and contingent consideration fair value adjustments, to make it easier to identify trends affecting our underlying business that are not related to acquisitions to facilitate comparison of our operating results with the results of other asset management firms that have not engaged in significant acquisitions. We adjust for charges (credits) related to significant litigation or regulatory matters, net of any insurance proceeds and revenue share adjustments, because these matters do not reflect the underlying operations and performance of our business.

In calculating Adjusted EPS, we adjust Net Income (Loss) per Diluted Share Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. Shareholders determined under GAAP for the per share impact of each adjustment (net of taxes) included in the calculation of Adjusted Net Income.

These measures are provided in addition to Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc., and Net Income (Loss) per Diluted Share Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. Shareholders, and are not substitutes for these measures. These non-GAAP measures should not be considered in isolation and may not be comparable to non-GAAP performance measures, including measures of adjusted earnings or adjusted income, and adjusted earnings per share, of other companies, respectively. Further, Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted EPS are not liquidity measures and should not be used in place of cash flow measures determined under GAAP.

The calculations of Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted EPS are as follows (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended						
		June 30, 2019		March 31, 2019		June 30, 2018	
Net Income Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc.	\$	45,350	\$	49,487	\$	66,090	
Plus (less):							
Restructuring costs:							
Strategic restructuring and other corporate initiatives ⁽¹⁾		32,898		9,352		2,775	
Affiliate charges ⁽²⁾		1,203		7,526		�	
Amortization of intangible assets		5,457		6,033		6,180	
Gains and losses on seed and other investments not offset by compensation or hedges		(6,411)		(5,763)		(6,415)	
Acquisition and transition-related costs		�2		998		1,468	
Contingent consideration fair value adjustments		(1,165)		�		426	
Charges related to significant regulatory matters		�2		�		4,000	
Income tax adjustments: (3)							
Impacts of non-GAAP adjustments		(8,635)		(4,718)		(1,042)	
Other tax items		(1,700)		(3,115)		1,045	
Adjusted Net Income	\$	66,997	\$	59,800	\$	74,527	
Net Income Per Diluted Share Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. Shareholders	\$	0.51	\$	0.56	\$	0.75	
Plus (less), net of tax impacts:							
Restructuring costs:							
Strategic restructuring and other corporate initiatives		0.27		0.08		0.02	
Affiliate charges		0.01		0.06		Ϊ¿½	
Amortization of intangible assets		0.04		0.05		0.05	
Gains and losses on seed and other investments not offset by compensation or hedges		(0.05)		(0.05)		(0.05)	
Acquisition and transition-related costs		�		0.01		0.01	
Impairments of intangible assets		�		�		Ϊ¿½	
Contingent consideration fair value adjustments		(0.01)		�		Ϊ¿½	
Charges related to significant regulatory matters		�2		�		0.05	
Other tax items		(0.02)		(0.04)		0.01	
Adjusted Earnings per Diluted Share	\$	0.75	\$	0.67	\$	0.84	
					_		

⁽¹⁾ See Note 15 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding our strategic restructuring initiatives.

Adjusted Net Income was \$67.0 million, or \$0.75 per diluted share, for the three months ended June 30, 2019, \$59.8 million, or \$0.67 per diluted share, for the three months ended March 31, 2019, and \$74.5 million, or \$0.84 per diluted share, for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The decrease for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2018, was driven by a decrease in operating revenues, reflecting lower operating revenue yields for both equity and alternative AUM, as well as a 49% decrease in performance fees that were not passed through as compensation expense, higher professional fees, losses on foreign currency exchange, annual compensation increases, and increased sales commissions. These items were offset in part by a decrease in incentive compensation at revenue-share based affiliates, driven by lower revenues, as well as the impact of savings resulting from our strategic restructuring. The increase for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2019, was driven by an increase in operating revenues, reflecting higher average AUM and one additional day in the three months ended June 30, 2019, which more than offset a 49% decrease in performance fees that were not passed through as compensation expense. In addition,

⁽²⁾ See "Results of Operations" above for additional information regarding affiliate charges.

⁽³⁾ The non-GAAP effective rates for the quarters ended June 30, 2019, March 31, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were 27.0%, 29.5% and 26.7%, respectively.

the increase in adjusted net income reflected the impact of savings from the strategic restructuring as well as seasonally lower other operating expenses.

Adjusted Operating Margin

We calculate Adjusted Operating Margin, by dividing \(\tilde{\chi}_2\)/2Adjust@perating Income\(\tilde{\chi}_2\)/2Adjust@perating Revenues\(\tilde{\chi}_2\)/2, each of which is further discussed below. These measures only include adjustments for certain items that relate to operating performance, and therefore, are most readily reconcilable to Operating Margin, Operating Income and Total Operating Revenues determined under GAAP, respectively.

We define Adjusted Operating Revenues as Operating Revenues, adjusted to:

� Include:

Net investment advisory fees eliminated upon consolidation of investment vehicles

� Exclude:

Distribution and servicing expenses, which we use to approximate our distribution revenues that are passed through to third parties as a direct cost of selling our products

Performance fees that are passed through as compensation expense or net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests

We define Adjusted Operating Income, as Operating Income, adjusted to exclude the following:

� Restructuring costs, including:

Corporate charges related to the ongoing strategic restructuring and other cost saving and business initiatives, including severance, lease and other costs; and

Affiliate charges, including affiliate restructuring and severance costs, and certain one-time charges arising from the issuance of management equity plan awards

ï¿⅓ Amortization of intangible assets

 \ddot{i}_{6} ¹/₂ The impact on compensation expense of:

Gains and losses on investments made to fund deferred compensation plans

Gains and losses on seed capital investments by our affiliates under revenue sharing arrangements

� Acquisition expenses and transition-related costs for integration activities, including certain related professional fees and costs associated with the transition and acquisition of acquired businesses

� Impairments of intangible assets

i; ½ Contingent consideration fair value adjustments

i;½ Charges (credits) related to significant regulatory matters

ii/1/2 Income (loss) of consolidated investment vehicles

In calculating Adjusted Operating Income, we adjust for restructuring costs because these items are not reflective of our core asset management business of providing investment management and related products and services. We adjust for the impact on compensation expense of gains and losses on investments made to fund deferred compensation plans and on seed capital investments by our affiliates under revenue sharing arrangements because they are offset by an equal amount in Nonoperating income (expense), net, and thus have no impact on Net Income Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc. We adjust for acquisition-related items, including amortization of intangible assets, impairments of intangible assets, and contingent consideration fair value adjustments, to make it easier to identify trends affecting our underlying business that are not related to acquisitions to facilitate comparison of our operating results with the results of other asset management firms that have not engaged in significant acquisitions. We adjust for charges (credits) related to significant litigation or regulatory matters, net of any insurance proceeds and revenue share adjustments, because these matters do not reflect the underlying operations and performance of our business. We adjust for income (loss) of consolidated investment vehicles because the consolidation of these investment vehicles does not have an impact on Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Legg Mason, Inc.

These measures are provided in addition to and are not substitutes for our Operating Margin, Operating Revenues, and Operating Income calculated under GAAP. These non-GAAP measures should not be considered in isolation and may not be comparable to non-GAAP performance measures, including measures of adjusted margins, adjusted operating revenues, and adjusted operating income, of other companies. Further, Adjusted Operating Margin, Adjusted Operating Revenues and Adjusted Operating Income are not liquidity measures and should not be used in place of cash flow measures determined under GAAP.

The calculations of Operating Margin and Adjusted Operating Margin, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

i¿½	Three Months Ended										
		June 30, 2019]	March 31, 2019		June 30, 2018					
Operating Revenues, GAAP basis	\$	705,360	\$	692,605	\$	747,905					
Plus (less):				ï	ز½	⁄					
Pass-through performance fees		(1,030)		(4,986)		(12,620)					
Operating revenues eliminated upon consolidation of investment vehicles		125		138		203					
Distribution and servicing expense, excluding consolidated investment vehicles		(103,887)		(99,299)		(116,558)					
Adjusted Operating Revenues	\$	600,568	\$	588,458	\$	618,930					
Operating Income, GAAP basis	\$	83,935	\$	78,125	\$	125,676					
Plus (less):				ï	¿½	¹ ئï					
Restructuring costs:											
Strategic restructuring and other corporate initiatives		32,898		9,352		2,775					
Affiliate charges		1,203		9,289		�					
Amortization of intangible assets		5,457		6,033		6,180					
Gains (losses) on deferred compensation and seed investments, net		7,014		16,006		1,272					
Acquisition and transition-related costs		�		1,217		1,468					
Contingent consideration fair value adjustments		(1,165)		�2		426					
Charges related to significant regulatory matters		�		�		4,000					
Operating loss of consolidated investment vehicles, net		259		257		616					
Adjusted Operating Income	\$	129,601	\$	120,279	\$	142,413					
Operating Margin, GAAP basis		11.9%		11.3%		16.8%					
Adjusted Operating Margin		21.6		20.4		23.0					

AdjustedEBITDA

We define Adjusted EBITDA as cash provided by (used in) operating activities plus (minus):

- ii/2 Interest expense, net of accretion and amortization of debt discounts and premiums
- � Current income tax expense (benefit)
- ii/2 Net change in assets and liabilities, which aligns with the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
- � Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests
- � Net gains (losses) and earnings on investments
- � Net gains (losses) on consolidated investment vehicles
- � Other

Adjusted EBITDA is not reduced by equity-based compensation expense, including management equity plan non-cash issuance-related charges. Most management equity plan units may be put to or called by Legg Mason for cash payment, although their terms do not require this to occur.

This liquidity measure is provided in addition to Cash provided by operating activities and may not be comparable to non-GAAP performance measures or liquidity measures of other companies, including their measures of EBITDA or Adjusted EBITDA. Further, this measure is not to be confused with Net Income, Cash provided by operating activities, or other measures of earnings or cash flows under GAAP, and is provided as a supplement to, and not in replacement of, GAAP measures.

The calculations of Adjusted EBITDA are as follows (dollars in thousands):

�	Three Months Ended					
		June 30, 2019		March 31, 2019		June 30, 2018
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities, GAAP basis	\$	(187,577)	\$	116,877	\$	(102,170)
Plus (less):						
Interest expense, net of accretion and amortization of debt discounts and premiums		28,375		28,328		29,356
Current tax expense (benefit)		(4,246)		9,081		8,878
Net change in assets and liabilities		303,077		(27,724)		215,016
Net change in assets and liabilities of consolidated investment vehicles		(13,012)		(7,701)		14,580
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(16,219)		(5,399)		(12,275)
Net gains (losses) and earnings on investments		6,748		(8,790)		6,792
Net gains (losses) on consolidated investment vehicles		9,561		(2,519)		3,583
Other		(343)		(866)		(374)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	126,364	\$	101,287	\$	163,386

Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended June 30, 2019, March 31, 2019, and June 30, 2018, was \$126.4 million, \$101.3 million, and \$163.4 million, respectively. The decrease for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2018 was primarily due to strategic restructuring in the current period.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of June 30, 2019, we had approximately \$370 million in cash and cash equivalents in excess of our working capital, including current portion of long-term debt, and regulatory requirements. The primary objective of our capital structure is to provide needed liquidity at all times, including maintaining required capital in certain subsidiaries. We review our overall funding needs and capital base on an ongoing basis to determine if the capital base meets the expected needs of our businesses.

The consolidation of variable interest entities discussed above does not impact our liquidity and capital resources. However, we have executed total return swap arrangements with investors in certain exchange traded funds ("ETFs"), and as a result we receive the investors' related investment gains and losses on the ETFs and consolidate ETFs with significant open total return swap arrangements. At June 30, 2019, the total return swap notional values aggregate \$54.8 million. If the total return swap counterparties were to terminate their positions, we may be required to invest in the ETFs an amount up to the notional value of the swaps terminated to support the products. Otherwise, we have no rights to the benefits from, nor do we bear the risks associated with, the assets and liabilities of the CIVs and other consolidated sponsored investment products beyond our investments in and investment advisory fees generated from these products, which are eliminated in consolidation. Additionally, creditors of the CIVs and other consolidated sponsored investment products have no recourse to our general credit beyond the level of our investment, if any, so we do not consider these liabilities to be our obligations.

Our assets consist primarily of intangible assets, goodwill, cash and cash equivalents, investment securities, and investment advisory and related fee receivables. Our operations have been principally funded by equity capital, long-term debt and retained earnings. At June 30, 2019, cash and cash equivalents, total assets, long-term debt, net, and stockholders' equity were \$0.6 \(\tilde{i}_1\)/2 billion \(\tilde{i}_2\).2 \(\tilde{i}_1\)/2 billion \(\tilde{s}_2\).2 \(\tilde{i}_1\)/2 billion.

Cash and cash equivalents are primarily invested in liquid domestic and non-domestic money market funds that hold principally domestic and non-domestic government and agency securities, bank deposits and corporate commercial paper. We have not recognized any losses on these investments. Our monitoring of cash and cash equivalents partially mitigates the potential that material risks may be associated with these balances.

The following table summarizes our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows:

	Three Months En			inded June 30,		
�		2019		2018		
Cash flows used in operating activities	\$	(187.6)	\$	(102.2)		
Cash flows used in investing activities		(18.9)		(14.3)		
Cash flows used in financing activities		(69.5)		(30.1)		
Effect of exchange rate changes		(1.3)		(10.1)		
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		(277.3)		(156.7)		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period		950.8		773.8		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$	673.5	\$	617.1		

Cash outflows used in operating activities during the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, were \$187.6 million and \$102.2 million, respectively, primarily related to annual payments for accrued and deferred compensation, offset in part by Net Income, adjusted for non-cash items in each period.

Cash outflows used in investing activities during the three months ended June 30, 2019, were \$18.9 million, primarily related to the acquisition of Gramercy Europe (Jersey) Limited ("Gramercy"), further discussed below, and payments made for fixed assets. Cash outflows used in investing activities during the three months ended June 30, 2018, were \$14.3 million, primarily related to payments made for fixed assets, offset in part by returns of capital received on certain investments in partnerships and limited liability companies.

Cash outflows used in financing activities during the three months ended June 30, 2019, were \$69.5 million, primarily related to dividends paid of \$30.1 million, distributions to affiliate noncontrolling interest holders of \$16.2 million and funding of employee tax withholdings by settlement of net share transactions of \$12.6 million. Cash outflows used in financing activities during the three months ended June 30, 2018, were \$30.1 million, primarily related to dividends paid of \$24.6 million.

Based on our current level of operations and anticipated growth, we expect that cash generated from our operating activities, together with available cash on hand, will be adequate to support our working capital needs for at least the next 12 months. We currently intend to utilize our available resources for activities including, but not limited to, repayment of outstanding debt, strategic restructuring costs, acquisitions, seed capital investments in new and existing products, and payment of dividends. In addition to our ordinary operating cash needs, we anticipate other cash needs during the next 12 months, as discussed below.

Acquisition and Contingen Consideration

On April 10, 2019, Clarion Partners acquired a majority interest in Gramercy, a European real estate asset management business specializing in pan-European logistics and industrial assets. The transaction required an initial cash payment of \$10.2 million, net of cash received, which was paid using existing cash resources. The transaction also provided for a potential contingent consideration payment of up to \$3.8 million (using the exchange rate as of June 30, 2019 for the $i_{c}1/23$ million potential payment), due on the fifth anniversary of closing upon the achievement of certain financial metrics. As of June 30, 2019, the related contingent consideration liability was \$3.4 million.

Noncontrollindnterests

As further described below, we may be obligated to settle noncontrolling interests related to certain affiliates. The following table presents a summary of the carrying values of our affiliate redeemable noncontrolling interests (in millions), excluding amounts related to management equity plans. These carrying values reflect the estimated settlement values, except when such estimated settlement values are less than the issuance price, the carrying value reflects the issuance price. The ultimate timing and amounts of noncontrolling interest settlements are generally too uncertain to project with any accuracy.

	EnTı	rust Global	Clarion Partners	Other	Total
Affiliate noncontrolling interests as of June 30, 2019	\$	380.2	\$ 117.8	\$ 12.6	\$ 510.6

Noncontrolling interests of 35% of the outstanding equity of EnTrust Permal and 18% of the outstanding equity of Clarion Partners are subject to put and call provisions that may result in future cash outlays, generally starting in fiscal 2022, but subject to earlier effectiveness in certain circumstances.

On May 10, 2019, we purchased the 15% equity interest in RARE Infrastructure held by the firm's management team for total consideration of \$22.0 million. The initial cash payment of \$12.0 million, including \$1.8 million of dividends in arrears, was made on May 10, 2019, using existing cash resources. The remaining consideration will be due, subject to certain conditions, 50% one year after closing and 50% two years after closing.

See Notes 9 and 13 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

AffiliateManagemenEquityPlans

In conjunction with the acquisition of Clarion Partners in April 2016, we implemented an affiliate management equity plan that entitles certain key employees of Clarion Partners to participate in 15% of the future growth, if any, of the enterprise value (subject to appropriate discounts) subsequent to the date of the grant. In March 2016, we implemented an affiliate management equity plan with Royce. Under this management equity plan, as of June 30, 2019, noncontrolling interests equivalent to 24.5% in the Royce entity have been issued to its management team. In addition, we implemented an affiliate management equity plan in March 2014, that entitles certain key employees of ClearBridge to participate in 15% of the future growth, if any, of the enterprise value (subject to appropriate discounts). As of June 30, 2019, the estimated redemption value for units under management equity plans aggregated \$65 million. Repurchases of units granted under the plans may impact future liquidity requirements, however, the amounts and timing of repurchases are too uncertain to project with any accuracy. See Note 10 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding affiliate management equity plans.

FutureOutlook

Restructuring

As previously discussed, we have initiated a strategic restructuring to reduce costs. We expect to incur aggregate restructuring costs in the range of \$120 million to \$140 million in connection with the strategic restructuring, which will be incurred through March 2021. The majority of the restructuring costs will be paid in cash. We have incurred \$42.3 million of strategic restructuring costs through June 30, 2019, and approximately \$3 million of these costs have been paid to date. We expect to incur \$52 million to \$62 million of costs during the remainder of fiscal 2020 and \$25 million to \$35 million of costs in fiscal 2021. We expect that the strategic restructuring will result in future annual cost savings of \$100 million or more, substantially all of which will be cash savings. We expect to achieve these savings on a run rate basis by the end of fiscal 2021. As of June 30, 2019, we have realized cumulative savings of approximately \$14 million. See Note 15 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Short-termebetandLong-termeorrowings

On July 15, 2019, we repaid the \$250 million of outstanding 2019 Senior Notes due July 2019, using existing cash resources. We do not currently expect to raise incremental debt or equity financing over the next 12i¿½month&oing forward, there can be no assurances of these expectations as our projections could prove to be incorrect, events may occur that require additional liquidity in excess of amounts available under our unsecured credit agreement (as amended from time to time, the "Credit Agreement"), such as an opportunity to refinance indebtedness or complete an acquisition, or market conditions might significantly worsen, affecting our results of operations and generation of available cash. If these events result in our operations and available cash being insufficient to fund liquidity needs, we may seek to manage our available resources by

taking actions such as reducing operating expenses, reducing our expected expenditures on investments, selling assets (such as investment securities), repatriating earnings from foreign subsidiaries, reducing our dividend, or modifying arrangements with our affiliates and/or employees. Should these types of actions prove insufficient, or should an acquisition or refinancing opportunity arise, we would likely utilize borrowing capacity under our Credit Agreement or seek to raise additional equity or debt.

Liquid Assets

Our liquid assets include cash, cash equivalents, and certain current investment securities. As of June 30, 2019, our total liquid assets of approximately \$777 million, included \$306 million of cash, cash equivalents, and investments held by foreign subsidiaries. Other net working capital amounts of foreign subsidiaries were not significant. In order to supplement cash available in the U.S. for general corporate purposes, we plan to utilize up to approximately \$18 million of foreign cash annually over the next several years and anticipate that \$13 million will be in the form of intercompany debt service payments by foreign affiliates, with the remainder provided from distribution of forecasted future offshore earnings. No further repatriation of foreign earnings is currently planned.

Other

In connection with the acquisition of Clarion Partners in April 2016, we committed to ultimately provide \$100 million of seed capital to Clarion Partners products, after the second anniversary of the transaction closing.

In January 2016, we acquired a minority equity position in Precidian Investments, LLC ("Precidian"). Under the terms of the transaction, we acquired series B preferred units of Precidian that entitle us to approximately 20% of the voting and economic interests of Precidian, along with customary preferred equity protections. On May 20, 2019, the SEC issued an order granting exemptive relief for the use of Precidian Investments' ActiveSharesï¿ ActiveSharesï; ActiveSharesi; ActiveShar

Our Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2019, includes less than 1% of total assets (6% of financial assets at fair value) and less than 1% of total liabilities (29% of financial liabilities measured at fair value) that meet the definition of Level 3.

On July 30, 2019, the Board of Directors approved a regular quarterly cash dividend in the amount of \$0.40 per share, payable on October 28, 2019.

Contractual and Contingent Obligations

We have contractual obligations to make future payments, principally in connection with our long-term debt, non-cancelable lease agreements, acquisition agreements and service agreements. During the three months ended June 30, 2019, there were no material changes to our contractual obligations. On July 15, 2019, we repaid \$250 million of our outstanding long-term debt. See Notesi 21/28 and 9 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional disclosures related to our commitments.

Recent Accounting Developments

See discussion of Recent Accounting Developments in Noteï21/26f Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

During the three months ended June 30, 2019, there were no material changes to the information contained in Part II, Item 7A of Legg Masonïa¹Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

As of June 30, 2019, Legg Mason's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of Legg Mason's disclosure controls and procedures. In evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. To be procedures and its Chief Financial Officer, concluded that Legg Mason's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer, concluded that Legg Mason's disclosure controls and procedures were effective on a reasonable assurances basis. There have been no changes in Legg Mason's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2019, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Legg Mason's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table sets out information regarding our purchases of Legg Mason common stock in each month during the three months ended June 30, 2019:

Period	Total number of shares purchased (1)	Average price paid per share (1)(2)	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs	Approximate dollar value that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs
April 1, 2019 through April 30, 2019	19,094	\$ 31.97	� S	\$ �
May 1, 2019 through May 31, 2019	356,726	33.52	Ϊ¿½	�
June 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019	368	34.22	Ϊ¿ ¹ /2	�
Total	376,188	33.44	�	

⁽¹⁾ Includes shares of vesting restricted stock, and shares received on vesting of restricted stock units, surrendered to Legg Mason to satisfy related income tax withholding obligations of employees via net share transactions.

Item 6. Exhibits

- 3.1 Articles of Incorporation of Legg Mason, as amended (incorporated by reference to Legg Mason's Current Report on Formi¿½8-K filed July 28, 201
- 3.2 ByLaws of Legg Mason, as amended and restated June 12, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Legg Mason's Current Report on Formi; 1/28-K filed June 15, 2018)
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer
- 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer
- 32.1 <u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section"</u>; ½1350, as adopted pursuant to Section"; ½906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 <u>Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Sectioni; 1/21350, as adopted pursuant to Sectioni; 1/2906 of the Sarbanes-Oxlevet of 2002</u>
- Financial statements from the quarterly report on Formi¿½10-Q of Legg Mason,�Inc. for the quarter ended June 30, 2019, filed on August 6, 2019, formatted in XBRL: (i)�the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii)�the Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii)�the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity, (v)�the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (vi)�the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements tagged in detail. The instance document does not appear in the interactive data file because its XBRL tags are embedded within the inline XBRL document.

⁽²⁾ Amounts exclude fees.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

LEGG MASON, INC.

DATE: August 6, 2019 /s/ Joseph A. Sullivan

Joseph A. Sullivan

President, Chief Executive Officer, and

Chairman of the Board

DATE: August 6, 2019 /s/ Peter H. Nachtwey

Peter H. Nachtwey

Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer